## Terms of Subscription.

commencement of a subscription year, till the expiration of

sid year.

Any subscriber wishing his paper discontinued at the end of the year, must pay up in full and give the proprietors two weeks notice, otherwise the paper will be continued and charged for according to the above terms.

Any person sending us five New subscribers, accompanied with the advance subscription, (\$12 50,) will receive the earth convergatis, for one year.

sixth copy gratis, for one year. Registered Letters, containing money for this paper, at our risk.
All letters on business connected with this office, must be addressed (post paid) to the proprietors.

AWEEKLY NEWSPAPER:—Devoted to Politics, the Markets, Foreign and Domestic News, Agriculture, Commerce, and General Information.—TERMS: \$250IN ADVANCE

### Professional and Business Cards. JESSE BOWDEN,

▲ April 4.—31-tf

INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WILMINGTON, N. C. JAS. L. CORBETT,

INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

All business in his line thankfully received and promptly [July 4, 1856.--44-6m attended to. THOS. W. PLAYER,

INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES,
April 11, 1856.—[32-tf. WILMINGTON, N. C.
JAMES O. BOWDEN, TNSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES, WILMINGTON, N. C.

N. F. BOURDEAUX,

INSPECTOR OF NAVAL STORES AND PROVISIONS, Wilmington, N. C. The subscriber having been elected Inspector of Naval Stores and Provisions, in the Town of Wilmington, at the December Term of the County Court of New Hanover County, will give prompt attention to all business in that line entrusted to him.

Dec. 22, 1854—16-tf

N. F. BOURDEAUX. N. F. BOURDEAUX,

GEO. W. ROSE. CARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR,
June 17
WILL WILMINGTON, N. C.

S. M. WEST, A UCTIONEER and Commission Merchant,
219-tf Wilmington, N ...

JAMES M. STEVENSON,

AGENT for the SALE OF ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.

PRINCESS STREET, UNDER ADAMS, BRO. & Co.,
WILMINGTON, N. C. fe4-56-tf

FIRE BRICK.

N. B. To Distillers of Turpentine,—he is prepared to put up Stills at the shortest notice. [May 20—37-1y]

WILLIAM H. LIPPITT, WHOLESALE and Retail Druggist, and Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Window Glass, Garden Seeds, Perfumery, Patent Medicines, &c. &c., corner of Front and Market street, immediately opposite Shaw's old stand, Wil-

W. H. MCKOY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCER AND FOR-W WARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, SOUTH WATER STREET, 6 doors below Market. Particular attention paid to the sale of Naval Stores

and other produce. Liberal advances made on consignment.

MCCALEB & BUNTING. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN GRO-CERIES AND PROVISIONS, No. 32 North WATER STREET,

Orders from the country will receive prompt attention.

March 20.

### H. HARBAUGH, Architect, Superintendent and Contractor of Public and Private Buildings.

A LSO, furnishes and puts up complete, all kinds of CAST IRON RAILING FOR CEMETERIES, &c. Speci-PLANS FOR BUILDINGS drawn and sent to all parts of the country. Orders through the Post Office will receive prompt attention.
Wilmington, N. C., April 25.-34-ly. HENRY BURKHIMER,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TOBACCO, SNUFF and SEGAR Store, "Sign of the Indian Chief," MARKET street, second door above Water, WILMINGTON, N. C. N. B .- All orders filled with despatch. Dec. 7, 1855.-1J-1v.

GUION'S HOTEL, RALEIGH, N. C. THIS HOTEL is pleasantly situated on the north side of Raleigh, N. C., April 25th .-- [34-6m\*.

A. R. MAYER,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, &c.. &c.,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE
public, that he has just opened the store formerly
occupied by Dr. D. DuPre, Jr., coiner Princess and Water
streets, where he intends to keep always on hand, a full supply of the above. Dealers in the genuine article would do
well in giving him a call.

He also keeps constantly on hand a full stock of Domestic Liquors, such as Whiskey, Brandy and Gin. tic Liquors, such as Whiskey, Brandy and Gin.

M. B. SMITH.

DE BRUTZ CUTLAR.

MESSRS. SMITH & CUTLAR, Attorneys at Law, will henceforth occupy an office directly opposite the Court House, in Wilmington, and practice in co-partnership in the ounty of New Hanover.

Mr. Smith would inform his clients in the adjoining counties, that Mr. Cutlar will act for him whilst absent on the circuit, and can always be found at the office.

GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, 39 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C., will pay diligent attention to the sale of all kinds of produce and Naval Stores. Money advanced on consignments when required, Stores. Money advanced on consignments when required, avoiding unnecessary charges and sending prompt returns. He has on hand, and is constantly receiving, GROCER-IES suitable to the wants of country Merchants and Farmers. He has in store, and shall always keep on hand, a large stock of LIQUORS and some WINES, London Porter, Brown Stout and Scotch Ale, and shall receive, weekly, Fruits, such as Oranges, Lemons, Apples and Raisins, which will be sold, wholesale, very low, for cash. Quick sales and small profits.

small profits.

June 6.--40-6m. THOS. B. CARR, M. D. D. D. S. PRACTICAL DENTIST for the last ten years, charges for 10 or less artificial teeth on fine gold plate.

An entire set of teeth on fine gold plate,

Ditto on gold, with artificial gums,

Ditto on Platina plate, with artificial gums,

75 00 Upper or under ditto, each, A Pivot tooth that cannot be distinguished from the

A fine gold filling, warranted permanent,
Do. and destroying the nerve,

Best dentifrices and tooth brushes always on hand. Every operation warranted to give entire satisfaction. Teeth in-serted immediately after the extraction of the fangs, and re-moddeled after the gums have shrunken, without additional

Charge.
Office on Market-st., 2 doors below the Church Wilmington, N C., April 24th, 1854 195-1m-34-tf WILMINGTON MARBLE WORKS,

Wilmington, N. C.

Wilmington, N. C.

W. G. MILLIGAN, Proprietor, respectfully informs the public, that he is prepared to make and put up to order—Marble Monuments of all sizes, Tombs, Head-Stones, Furniture Tops, Mantles, Hearths, &c., of the best quality of American or Italian Marble, not to be surpassed in style or workmanship, and as cheap as can be procured from any establishment in the country, North or South.

Iron Railing—50 different styles for inclosing family lots, from 75 cents to \$10 per foot, furnished and put up to order.

N. B.—Orders from all parts of the country, accompanied by the cash or satisfactory reference, will receive prompt attention; and all articles warranted to be as recommended, or no charge made.

THE LUXUMBURG GARDENS,

NEAR GREENSBORO', N. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED, PROPRIETOR OF THE LUXumbarg Gardens, one mile west of Greensboro', is prepared to fill orders for all varieties of PEACH, APPLE,
PLUM, PEAR, CHERRY, SHADE and ORNAMENTAL
TREES, ROSES and GARDEN-HOUSE PLANTS. APPLE and PEACH TREES delivered at \$12 50 per APPLE and PEACH TREES delivered at \$12 per 100, and other trees at Catalogue prices. Catalogues sent gratis to applicants. Orders left with Messrs. CUMMING & STYRON, in Wilmington, will be forwarded to the proprietor, and trees delivered.

T.-H. FENTRESS.

FALL NOTICE.

WE are now receiving from the Manufactories out large and extensive assortment of Fall and Winter styles of HATS and CAPS, consisting of all qualities of Wool Hats for PLANTATION AND JOBBING USE.

Soft Felt Hats of every variety style and color. Soft Frush

Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, &c.

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Age, is AYER'S CATHARCTIC PILLS.

THEY don't HELF complaints, but they CURE them.
One Box has cured Dyspepsia.
Three Boxes have cured the worst cases of Scrofula.
Two Boxes have cured Erysipelas.
One Box always cures the Jaundice. Three Boxes are sure to cleanse the system from Boilften less than one does it.

Two Boxes have completely cured the worst of ulcers or

the legs.
Small doses seldom fail to cure the Piles.
One dose cures the Headache arising from a foul Stomach.
Strong doses often repeated expel every worm from the body. They should be given to children, who are always more or less afflicted with this scourge. As a gentle Physic they have no equal. One Box cures derangement of the liver. Half a Box cures a Gold.

They purify the blood and thus strike at the foundation o

every disease.

As a Dinner Pill there is not their equal in the world.

They are purely vegetable, and can do no harm, but do accomplish an unaccountable amount of good.

Price 25 cents per box—5 Boxes for \$1 00.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, Chemist, Lowel, Mass.

For sale in Wilmington, N. C., by C. & D. DuPRE, WM.

H. LIPPITT, and A. O. BRADLEY, Druggists; in Goldsboro' by LUCAS & MOORE; and by all respectable Druggists in the South.

JUST RECEIVED.-10,000 lbs. White Lead, Pure, Extra and No. 1; 1,000 lbs. Black Lead, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Ven-PRINCESS STREET, UNDER ADAMS, BRO. 2 Co.,
WILMINGTON, N. C. fe4-56-tf

JOSEPH L. KEEN,
CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER, respectfully informs in eof business. He keeps constantly on hand, Lime, Cenderty Plaster, Plastering Hair, Philadelphia Press Brick, Fire Brick.

A full assortment of PAINTS always on hand and for sale, wholesale and retail, by

W. H. LIPPITT,

Nov. 1 JOSEPH L. KEEN,
Joseph L. KEEN,
Etian Red, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Venetian Red, in Oil; 2,000 lbs. Venetian Red, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Venetian Red, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Venetian Red, in Oil; 2,000 lbs. Venetian Red, in Oil; 1,000 lbs. Venetian Druggist and Chemist.

1,000 BOXES Window Glass, assorted sizes and brands, for sale at Manufacturer's prices, by WM. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist.

200 OZ. Sulph. Quinine; 10 bbls. Epsom Salts; 1 cask Cr. Tartar; 1 cask Sup. Carb. Snda; 50 lbs. Seidlitz Mixture; 10 lbs. Rochelle Salts; 50 lbs. Gum Opium; 50 lbs. Gum Guaiacum; 1 bbl. Gum Camphor; 500 Black Pepper; 300 Alspice; 50 lbs. Calomel; 50 lbs. Nutmegs; 25 lbs. Iodid Potass; 50 lbs. Mace; 10 lbs. Sulph. Potass; 100 lbs. Rhubarb; 50 lbs. Ipécac.

For sale wholesale and retail, by W. H. LIPPITT, Feb. 23.]

OILS! OILS!!—Just Received a fresh supply of Linseed, Train, Lard, Fish, Elephant, Whale and Sperm Oils. For sale by W. H. LIPPITT, Druggist and Chemist.

### General Notices.

WILMINGTON MARBLE AND STONE YARD. THE subscriber having accepted the agency of several large establishments at the North, which will furnish him with no unlimited supply of finished or unfinished foreign or domestic MARBLE of all qualities, is prepared to fill all orders for MONUMENTS AND TOMB-STONES—and every other article in the line of the business at reasonable every other article in the line of the business, at reasonable

SCULPTURING, LETTERING, or CARVING, executed as well as can be done either North or South. The best of reference can be given if required.

March 10 1854-27-tf JAMES McLARANAN.

Coach and Carriage Manufactory-Clinton, N. C. BOLD ROBIN HOOD respectfully informs the citizens of Sampson county and public generally, he, having recently been partially burnt out, has rebuilt; and his establishment is now in full operation in all its variance. ous branches. He is prepared to put up the PATENT SPRING BUGGY, having purchased the right for the county of Sampson; and hopes by strict attention to business to merit a share of public patronage. He warrants all his work THIS HOTEL is pleasantly situated on the north side of the Capital square, and fronting on the same. Rooms airy and clean. Ladies will find it a pleasant stopping place.

The Capital square, and fronting on the same is to be made of the very best materials, and should any of it fail in twelve months with fair usage, either in workmanship or material, it will be repaired without charge. Persous wishing to buy would do well to call and examine for them-

NOTICE TO MILL OWNERS. A. & W. M. CAMERON have formed a CO-PART-NERSHIP for the purpose of carrying on the MILL WRIGHTING BUSINESS in all its branches, viz: Saw and Grist Mills will be put up on any principle used North or South. Circular-Saws of any size, with steam engines on various principles. Merchant Mills to be propelled by steam or water power. Bridge building. Beilprod Trasselling.

various principles. Merchant Mills to be properled by secular or water power, Bridge building, Railroad Tresselling, &c., will also be contracted for.

All work done by us paranteed to give satisfaction Thankful for the liberal share of patronage heretofore received, and we hope to merit a continuance of the same.

Our address is Little Rockfish, Cumberland County, N.

Aug. 22 -50-6m Aug. 22 -50-6m

IMPORTANT TO SLAVE OWNERS. IMPORTANT TO SLAVE OWNERS.

I AM STATIONED AT MAXWELL'S DEPOT, 27 Miles from Wilmington, on the Wilmington and Manchester Railroad, with a pack of first-rate Track Dogs, and will attend to calls promptly, when not further particulars, address the subscriber, at Green Swamp P. O., N. C.

REFERENCES, C. R. Conneil, Brunswick etc., N. C. J. P. O., N. C. WM. C. MULFORD.
REFERENCES.—C. R. Council, Brunswick co., N. C.; J.
W. Anders, Bladen co., N. C.; J. L. McMillan, Bladen co.,
N. C.; H. H. Newkirk, New Hanover co., N. C.; Joel L.
Moore, New Hanover co., N. C.; Robt. C. Braddy, Marion,
S. C.; John W. Olford, Robeson co., N. C.; John A. McRae,

Rebeson co., N. C., Aug. 29, 1856.—52-6m [Weekly Herald 6 m.] NEGROES WANTED. THE SUBSCRIBER IS IN MARKET FOR A number of likely Negroes, MEN AND WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS, for which the highest cash prices will be paid.

Those having such property to dispose of will find it to their advantage to call on the subscriber, at Wilmington.

their advantage to call on the subscriber, at Wilmington.
DAVID J. SOUTHERLAND. 75 00

will be put up on various principles, and on the most improved plans for Sawing Lumber or Grinding Corn. He warrants all of his work to be equal to any other done North or South, and also to give entire satisfaction. If any of his work should fail in principle and workmanship, he will re-fix

The Public will find it a great saving to give him their patronage, as he will do all of his work in the shortest possible time. Por further information address the subscriber at Sill Creek, New Hanover county, N. C. W. J. CAMERON,

Aug. 29, 1856.-52-6m\* Millwright and Machinist.

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND, LYING ON the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, between Mount Ollive and Milton, in Wayne county, adjoining the lands of Dr. G. M. Roberts, John Casey, Gabriel Edwards and other than the property of the county of the cou

Dr. G. M. Roberts, John Casey, Gabriel Education of the crs, and containing about 236 acres.

This tract embraces about 50 acres of swamp or low lands, the ballance is stiff pine land and well timbered—all excellent for farming. But a small portion is cleared and under cultivation—it needs no recommendation. Persons wishing to buy will please examine it, the present growing crop will rive satisfaction. give satisfaction. Mt. Olive, N. C., July 25, 1856-47-tf

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE. TOWN LOTS FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER offers for sale on accommodating terms, and at a low price, one valuable Lot, containing two acres, situated at LONG CREEK BRIDGE, on the north side of the main road—on the Lot is a new Dwelling, and all necessary out houses. Also, one Lot on the south side of the Road, fronting 50 feet by 300 feet deep. For particulars apply to

### General Notices.

GREAT SALE OF LANDS.

GREAT SALE OF LANDS.

MILL.BROOK IN MARKET.

THIS delightful place of residence, so long and so widely known, is now offered for sale. As a country residence there is no charm which it does not possess. It is healthy, beautiful beyond comparison, situated in the midst of a most excellent neighborhood, and but a short drive from Enfield Depot, on W. & W. R. R. The tract (lying in Halifax country, immediately on the bank of Fishing Creek) contains 1400 acros, a large portion of which is in cultivation; that not yet cleared, is heavily timbered and is very superior upland. The DWELLING HOUSE is one of the largest and finest in the State; there is also an Overser's HOUSE, BLACKSMITH'S SHOP, GIN AND SCREW, and every variety of outhouses, all of which are in a good state of repair. There is also upon this tract a never failing MILL, which is universally acknowledged to be the best seat in this part of the State. It contains three grist and one burr stone, belting cloths and a SAW MILL, and possesses unequalled advantages for manufacturing purposes.

I also offer for sale 500 acres of superior land, lying in Nash

WARSAW HIGH SCHOOL.

29th day of September, under the supervision of Solomons as successful instructor of youth. The Trustees of this Institution, well aware of the necessity and value of an Agricultural Department, for the purpose of instructing young men in the science of Chemistry as dadpted to practical farming, have at considerable expense established a Chemical Laboratory in their School and have secured the services of Robert H. Drysdale, Fellow of the Glasgow Chemical Society and late Assistant Professor of this department.

Warsaw is healthfully located on the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Road, at its intersection with the Fayetteville and the Kenansville Stage Roads, thus being of easy access from any point on or near these routes.

Parents and Guardians will find few situations more advantageous in all particulars for both the moral and intellectual education of their children and wards.

Primary Depa

I also offer for sale 500 acres of superior land, lying in Nash county on Fishing Creek, a very few acres of which are in cultivation—the balance being heavily timbered, a considerable portion of it with the Turpentine Pine.

I also offer for sale 2,13B acres of land, lying in Nash county on Swift Creek, near James Hilliard's Mill, and about seven miles from Battleboro' Depot, on the W. & W. R. R. These lands are conceded by all who know them, to be equal if not superior to any in the County. 500 acres only are cleared—nearly 200 of which are Creek bottom. Several hundred acres of the remainder, are in unworked Turpentine Pines, and the balance abounds in Forrest of the richest growth—such as hickory and dogwood. Marl has never been looked for, though it undoubtedly exists. The improvements consist of an Overseer's House, Cabins, Barns, and Stables—together with Peach and Apple Orchards. On the House tract, there is every variety of early and late fruits. A minute description is deemed unnecessary, as those wishing to purchase will of course examine for themselves. If desirable, these lands will be divided into tracts to suit purchasers.

Persons desirous of information can address me at Sacat I also offer for sale 500 acres of superior land, lying in Nash

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. New Hanover County.

WHEREAS, complaint upon oath has this day heen made to us, two of the Justices of the Peace for the State and County aforosaid, by P. M. Walker, of the said County, that a certain male slave belonging to him, named BOB, aged about twenty-eight years, six feet high, and black, formerly belonging to M C. Nixon, has absented himself from his said master's service, and is supposed to be lurking about this County committing acts of fellony and other misdeeds: These are, thorefore, in the name of the State, aforesaid to command the said slave forthwith to return home. aforesaid, to command the said slave forthwith to return home to his master; and we do hereby, by virtue of the Act of the General Assembly, in such cases made and provided, intimate and declare, that if the said BOB does not return home and surrender himself immediately after the publication of these presents, that any person may kill and destroy the said slave, by such means as he or they may think fit, without accusation or impeachment of any crime or offence for so doing, and without incoming the same of the same o and without incurring any penalty or forfeiture thereby.

Given under our hands and seals, this 31st day of March,
1856.

W. N. PEDEN, [Seal.]

JAS. T. MILLER, [Seal.]

\$100 REWARD Will be given for sufficient evidence to convict any white person of harboring said negro; thirty dollars for him if taken alive, or fifty dollars for his head. He has a wife at Mr. Wm. Hansley's, Sr.; is a son of Old Sam Nixon, and has two brothers in Town, one of whom (John Nixon) is a

vessels are requested to be on the look out for him.

P. M. WALKER.

Wilmington, N. C., March 31st, 1856

177-3t-31-tf

as the former residence of Hon. Henry S. Clark, and as one of the finest Farms in the State. It contains EIGHT HUNDED ACRES OF LAND, Five Hunared Acres of which are Cleared and in good farmer-like order. Of the Cleared Land, about One Hundred Acres are what is denominated good Upland, suitable to Cotton, Ground Peas and Cow Peas, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Turnips and Root Crops in general, Wheat, Oats, Beans, Horticulture and Fruit. The remaining Four Hundred Acres of Cleared Land is rich Swamp Land, well drained, recently cleared, and under a fine state of cultivation. There is no better Corn Land in the State, and it is easily cultivated. We believe that in natural fertility of soil, durability, and in number of bushels of grain produced by the acre, this land will not suffer in comparison with any in the State. The splendid crop now upon it justifies, in our opinion, this assertion. The overseer believes that the present crop of corn on the swamp land will yield, when gathered, from fifteen hundred to two thousand barrels. Of the Uncleared Land, most of it is rich Swamp, as good as that which is cleared, with a heavy swamp growth rels. Of the Uncleared Land, most of it is rich Swamp, as good as that which is cleared, with a heavy swamp growth upon it, and easily drained. Underlying the whole of this swamp land, cleared as well as uncleared, is a rich Marly Subsoil, giving, as experience on this farm proves, great durability to the land. This land is not liable to freshets. It is within a mite of Pungo River and Pantigo Creek, and twenty-eight miles from Washington on the main public road leading from that town to Hyde County. Sea vessels load and unload within a mile of the premises, thus rendering the surplus products of the farm easy of exportation to the the surplus products of the farm easy of exportation to the best markets of the country. The waters of Pungo and tri-butaries yield fish in abundance. It is a first-rate range for stock, especially for hogs and cattle, in winter as well as

There is a large, well-built and commodious Two Story HOUSE; Kitchen, Smoke Houses, large Barn, Carriage Houses, Crib, Stables. Poultry Houses, good framed Negro Houses, and every other necessary out house. There are Two as good Wells of water as are in that section. The houses have been constructed and the yards and shade trees have been constructed and the yards and shade trees are larged with each taste and around with a complete trail beauty and the necessary out Houses, and a Well of Purposes. These is a large, well-built and commodious Two Story Houses, South, offers his PLANTATION for sale, The work was the country of Duplin, two miles west of Teachy's Depot, on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, containing Two Hundred and Eighty Acres, with a comfortable DWELLING, and all the necessary Out Houses, and a Well of Purposes.

North Carolina Times, at Washington, and Raleigh Standard, publish once a week, until otherwise requested, and send accounts to either of the Executors.

Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, September Term, 1856. Joseph Ennett, Administrator of Ausburn Jinkins, vs. James Jinkins, Elizabeth Canada, Sarah Packer, Lewis Jinkins, Auza Jinkins, Henry Jinkins, Milly Jinkins.—

Petition to make real Estate assets.

T appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that James
Jinkins, one of the defendants in this case is a non-resident, it is ordered that publication be made in the Wilming-ton Journal, for six weeks, notifying said defendant to ap-pear at the next term of the Court, plead or demur or judgment pro confesso will be entered up against him.

Teste,

JASPER ETHRIDGE, C. C. C.

Jacksonville, Onslow Co., Sept. 19, 1856.

### Schools.

Primary Department, \$10 00
Higher English Branches, \$12 50
Classical Department, \$15 00
Agricultural Chemistry, with use of aparatus, 10 00
Incidental expenses for this department, 2 50
Board may be obtained in good families at \$8 per month.
Professor Drysdale will continue to examine soils, marls, &c., and search for marl beds as heretofore.

D. J. MIDDLETON,
Rec. Secv. of Board of Trustees. TERMS PER SESSION AS FOLLOWS:

NOTICE THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE THAT well-known and valuable little farm whereon he now lives, lying within the corporated limits of the town of Keto purchase will of course examine for themselves. If desirable, these lands will be divided into tracts to suit purchasers.

Persons desirous of information, can address me at Sycamore Alley, Halifax county.

J. J. B. HILLIARD, Ext'r.

N. B. If the above lands are not disposed of privately, before the 1st December next, they will then be exposed at Mill-Brook, to public sale—together with the growing cropentire stock of Horses, Mules, Cattle. Sheep, Hogs, Farming utensils, Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Sept. 25th, 1856

Lives, ying within the corporated limits of the town of Kennenswille. The tract contains one hundred and eighteen acres, one-half of which is cleared and in a fine state of cultivation. On the premises is a COMFORTABLE DWELLING, together with all necessary out-houses, and an orchard of fruit trees of almost endless variety, of the best selection. There is no better water. The situation to relative time is unsurpassed, being elevated and dry, and beautfully shaded with a fine grove of oaks. Persons having soms and daughters to educate, and who would desire a little farm to live upon, can find no better place than this, as there is already in successful operation one of the very best nale schools in the vehole State, and in a few months best nale schools in the whole State, and in a few months will be opened, on a permanent basis, a female Seminary of

10 do. Pearl Starch; 10 half do. do.

WANTED, 300 ACTIVE YOUNG MEN. TO ACT AS LOCAL AND TRAVELLING AGENT I in a business easy, useful and honorable, at a SALARY OF \$100 PER MONTH! A capital of \$5 only required.—No patent medicine or book business. Full particulars given, free, to all who enclose a postage stamp or a three cent piece, and address

A. B. MARTYN,

fail in twelve months with fair usage, either in workmanship or material, it will be repaired without charge. Persons wishing to buy would do well to call and examine for them selves, as he does not intend to be surpassed for style, elegance and durability.

\*\*REPAIRING done in the neatest manner, at short notice. \*\* Mill lak and Gudgeons, made and warranted for ten years, for \$10.

\*\*Clinton, May 9, 1856-36-tf.

\*\*NOTICE TO MILL OWNERS.\*\*

Wilmington, N. C., March 31st, 1856

177-3t-31-tf

Valuable Plantation and Others Lands

FOR SALE.

Wilmington, N. C., March 31st, 1856

177-3t-31-tf

Valuable Plantation and Others Lands

FOR SALE.

Wilmington, N. C., March 31st, 1856

177-3t-31-tf

Valuable Plantation and Others Lands

FOR SALE.

In accordance with the will of the late Samuel C. Eborn, the Subscribers offer for Sale that Large and notice. \*\*C. Mill is most of the hammock land is discoursed the house accommodate water on both tracts, and on each tract the House accommodate water on both tracts, and on each tract the House accommodate water on both tracts, and on each tract the House accommodate water on both tracts, and on each tract the House accommodate water on both tracts, and on each tract the House accommodate water on both tracts, and on each tract the House accommodate water on both tracts, and on each tract the House accommodate water on both tracts, and on each tract the House accommodate water on both tracts, and on each tract the hammock lad is diston is very good. The most of the hammock lad is diston is very good. A Canal, one half of a mile long, which drains a Swamp of Soarces; and the soil to form 4 to 12 feet deep, which is good for Corn, skee thigh, 800 yards long, and a portion of it is in Corn and Peas, which are very good. A Canal, one half of a mile long, which drains a Swamp of Soarces; and the soil to form 4 to 12 feet deep, which is good for Corn, steed the General, bluntly, who he thought to the stream has been turned into the Canal there is a fall of the stream has been turned in water on both tracts, and on each tract the House accommoable from the mill seat out to the Sound. The balance of Swamp Land is equally as fertile, and well adapted to all Agricultural purposes. The growth of the Upland is Oak, Hickory, &c., which is very good for Ground-Peas and Potatees. The Pea crop looks very well, and a young Orchard of waring fruits.

I will sell the two tracts together, or seperate, if desired or in parcels to suit purchasers, on accommodating terms.

A bargain is to be had in the above Lands by applying early scriber on the premises.

50-tf WILLIAM D. WORFHAM.

NOTICE. THE Subscriber, being desirous to go West, offers for Sale his PLANTATION, lying in Onslow County, containing 900 Acres, 250 of which are Cleared and under a good state of cultivation, situated about 12 miles from a good state of cultivation, situated about 12 miles from Jacksonville and about 10 miles from the ocean, and within 500 yards of the navigable waters of New River, where vessels can load and be at sea in five hours. The place is healthy and pleasant, and is well adapted to the growth of Corn, Cotton, and Potatoes, and is as good land for Pea Nuts as any on the river. The Plantation is so situated that it would answer for two families as I have recently nurchased a tract answer for two families, as I have recently purchased a tract of land adjoining, which I offer together. Fish and oysters are abundant at any time of the year. Persons desirous of buying such a place will do well to visit this farm immedia tely, while there is a sample of the crops on it.

LOT, fronting on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, known as the Bonner lot. This lot is situated in the

venience that could be desired. (This property, at two-thirds valuation, is insured for \$2,500.)

Also two other LOTS in the upper part of the town fronting on the Railroad, nearly East of the new Brick Warehouse, and almost opposite the spot where the Atlantic and N. C. Railroad j ins the W. & W. R. R. These lots have some improvements on them, are neatly walled in, the fences being newly painted, and offer rare inducements to purchasers.

Such of the above lots as are not sold by the 1st day of January, 1857, will be rented out for one year from that date.

WM. PRIVETT.

The Nashville (Tennessee) Union of the 18th inst., contains a correspondence between Andrew Jackson WARSAW HIGH SCHOOL.

THIS School commences its first session on Mouday the 29th day of September, under the supervision of Solomon J. Faison, A. B., a gentleman who requires no encomiums, being well known as a successful instructor of youth. The Trustees of this Institution, well aware of the necessity and value of an Agricultural Department, for the purpose of instructing young men in the science of Chemistry as adapted to practical farming, have at considerable expense established a Chemical Laboratory in their School and have secured the services of Robert H. Drysdale, Fellow of the Glasgow Chemical Society and late Assistant Professor of Chemistry in the Andersonian University, to take charge of this department. WARSAW HIGH SCHOOL. and Jude Catron, which effectually crushes out the wicked and malignant invention that Gen Jackson distrusted the integrity, fidelity, and ability of Mr. Buchanan. Judge Catron's letter gives the substance of an interview with General Jackson in 1844, which shows that after Mr. Van Buren wrote his anti-Texas

ows: .

well recollect.

selected by the convention as our candidate."

Most respectfully, your obedient servant,

JOHN CATRON.

Huntsville, Alabama

To Andrew Jackson, Esq.

refers.

Rec. Secy. of Board of Trustees. Sept. 19, 1856.

My terms will be such as to suit almost any one who may desire to purchase.

LAFAYETTE HUSSEY.

Kenarsville, Duplin co., N. C.,

Sept. 12th, 1856—2-6m

25 bigs prime Rio Coffee; 20 bbls. C. Yellow Sugar; 45 bexes Pale and No. 1 Soap;

his letter condemning the acquisition of Texas.

TWO VERY VALUABLE SOUND TRACTS

of LAND FOR SALE, including both tracts—

of LAND FOR SALE, including both tracts—

when we got through, Gen. Jackson said he did not doubt that Mr. Buchanan ought to be the nominee.

When we returned to the narlor a considerable

When we returned to the narlor a considerable

of various fruits.

THE SUBSCRIBER BEING DESIROUS OF REmoving South, offers his PLANTATION for sale,
situated in the county of Duplin, two miles west of Teachy's
Depot, on the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, containing
Two Hundred and Eighty Acres, with a comfortable DWEL-

RANAWAY from the plantation of Mr. Joseph Bryant, on Hood's Creek, Brunswick county, about the 13th of February, a colored girl, belonging to the subscriber, and known as "MILLIE LOCKE."—Said "MILLIE" is a bright mulatto, about nineteen years old, middle sized, and quite likely; has a somewhat simple manner when spoken to. She carried off with her her child "KITTIE," between two and three years old, and darker than the mother. She is supposed to be lurking

\*\*No advertisement, reflecting upon private character can under any circumstances, be admitted. Gen. Jackson for Mr. Buchanan for President in One of the Frauds. The spirit in which the Opposition conduct this canvass is well illustrated by the following charge

against Mr. Buchanan:
Buchanan's Vote.—The following resolution was introduced by the Hon. W. C. Rives, of Virginia, into the United States Senate, on the 11th of January, 1838, against which James Buchanan, of Pennsylva-

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Per Square of 10 lines or less-cash in advance.

2 insertions,.... 

Advertisements ordered to be continued on the inside harged 373 cents per square for each insertion after the first. Advertisements, upon which the number of insertions is not marked, will be continued until ordered out, and charged 25 cents per square for each insertion after the first.

1 25 1 50

" Resolved, That any interference with the subject of slavery, in the Territories of the United States, in which it may exist, is inhibited by all the considerations in regard to the rights and interests of the inhabitants of the said Territories, the security of the slaveholding States, and the danger to the Union, which are mentioned in the preceding resolution, as fordidding any interference with, or action on the subject of slavery in the District of Columbia; and for the further reason that the people of those territories, when admitted into the Union as States, will be exclusively entitled to decide the question of the existence of slavery within their respective limits for

Among those who voted for the resolution on a direct vote, were John C. Calhoun, Alfred Cuthbert, Wilson Lumpkin, and Rives and Roane, of Virginia, James Buchanan voted against it on a direct vote. Yet Mr. Buchanan is now supported by many Southern men, on the ground that he is a safer man for the South than Mr. Fillmore! Let them examine

If the above article had appeared orginally in another paper than the American Organ, we would have read it with some surprise. In the isolation in which occurred in a conversation in my presence at the it is presented, with no connexion or dependence on Hermitage in 1844, between General Jackson and any other proposition, and without any narration of others, in regard to the probable action of the Balti. the circumstances of its introduction into the Senate, the resolution looks as if it should have commanded the votes of all conservative men. It is not surpristhe Baltimore Convention from Alabama and Ten- ing that in the absence of all explanation, some just nessee, Gen. Jackson wrote a note to Gen. Arm- people should be disposed to censure Mr. Buchanan strong, the postmaster at Nashville saying "that he for not supporting the resolution. Fortunately the (Gen. Jackson) wished to see and have a conversation reputation of the American Organ is so suggestive of with some of his friends on the subject of a proper fraud, that suspicion attaches to all its statements. candidate to be presented by the convention, and to So incredible a story is well associated with such

Armstrong and myself drove up very early; nor do | See how a true statement of the facts of this case l recollect whether any other person indicated in the acquits Mr. Buchanan of censure, and convicts his note got there in time. A long private conversation accusers of a fraudulent garbling of the record.—On was held by Gen. Jackson with those he had invited, the 27th of December, 1837, Mr. Calhoun submitted at which Gen. Armstrong and myself were present I his famous resolutions on slavery to the consideration of the Senate. (Congressional Globe, vol. 6, page The General had been a warm friend of Mr. Van 55.) The 1st, 2nd, 2d, and 4th were adopted; Mr. Buren; nor did I know that he had changed his Buchanan voting for them all. (Ibid.) At this point mind till that morning. He then concurred with his Mr. Clay of Ky., submitted a series of resolutions, friends present that it was not possible for the demo- on the same subject, and moved the 3d of the series cratic party to elect Mr. Van Buren in the face of as a substitute for the 5th of the series offered by Mr. Calboun. (Ibid, page 91.) Just before the final Mr. Van Buren being out of the question, the next vote was taken on Mr. Clay's motion, Mr. Rives of matter of discussion was, who of our prominent Virginia moved to strike out the proposed amendfriends was qualified to fill the high office of Presiment, and insert the resolution copied in the foregoing extract. (Appendix of Congressional Globe, dent, and carried with him the elements of success

in a contest with the eminent leader on the other vol. 6, page 72.) "This resolution was rejected on a direct vote" side, Mr. Clay, who it was not doubted would be the whig candidate. We discussed the fitness of our as stated in the foregoing extract, and by the fol-

When we returned to the parlor a considerable number of gentlemen were there, and others were coming in from Nashville. The conversation, of Norvell, Pierce, Robinson, Smith of Ct., Smith of Inda.,

Southern Senators, who voted for Mr. Rives' resolution, and mentions, with peculiar emphasis, that Mr. Buchanan voted against it. The reader will observe acquisition and annexation of Texas; and amongst that very good Southern men, such as Clay of Kentucky, Clay of Alabama, Crittenden, Grundy, &c., our other prominent friends I have no hesitation in saying that my opinion is, Mr. Buchanan should be voted with Buchanan against the resolution. important fact the American Organ omits to mention. After the defeat of Mr. Rives' resolution, Mr. Clay's There were several delegates present, but I do not recollect any one of them, except Mr. Turner, of substitute was before the Senate. These were its

The foregoing account is the substance of my re-Resolved, That any attempt of Congress to abolish slavery in any territory of the United States, in collection of the conversation to which your pote which it exists, would create serious alarm and just apprehension in the States sustaining that domestic institution; would be a violation of good faith towards the inhabitants of any such Territory who have been permitted to settle with and hold slaves FASCINATION AS A CAUSE OF CRIME. - We have no therein; because the people of any such Territory oubt as to the influence of the agent referred to. A have not asked for the abolition of slavery therein, listinguished writer in the " Edinburgh Review" cband because, when any such Territory shall be admitserves, when speaking of the subject, "Gibbets, which ted into the Union as a State, the people thereof will have now become very uncommon may, we think, be entitled to decide that question exclusively for have produced equivocal effects in this way (power of

themselves. fascination.) They belong to a class of what are Yeas .- Messrs. Allen, Bayard, Benton, Black, Brown, called interesting objects. They excite a feeling of BUCHANAN, Calhoun, Clay of Ala., Clay of Ky., Crittenden, Cuthbert, Fulton, Grundy, Hubbard, King, Lumpkin, Lyon, horror, not altogether without its attraction in the ordinary spectator, and startle while they rivet the eye. Who shall say how often in gloomy and sullen Merrick, Nicholas, Niles, Norvell, Pierce, Preston, Rives, Roane, Robinson, Sevier, Smith of Ct., Strange, Tipton, Walker, White, Williams, Wright and Young-35.

Nays.—Messrs. Clayton, Davis, Knight, McKean, Prentiss, Robbins, Smith of Inda., Swift and Webster-9.

ance rearing its spectral form in some solitary place ern Senator, and supported by others of the truest at nightfall, by a wood side, or barren heath—to note Senators from the South, but is quite as strong in subthe wretched scare-crow figure dangling upon it, stance as the one submitted by Mr. Rives. Mr. Bublack and wasted, parched in the sun, drenched in chanan voted for this resolution, with Calhoun, Clay all the dews of heaven that fall cool and silent upon of Ala., Clay of Ky., Rives, Roane, and every other it, while this object of the dread and gaze of man feels nothing, knows nothing, fears nothing, swings creaking in the gale, unconscious of all that it has merican Organ fraudulently suppressed.

of moral consequences. It is a disagreeable contemplation in all respects. The broken slumbers that Buchanan's vote on Mr. Clay's substitute shows that precede it -- the half-waking out of them to the he repudiates utterly the principles which the Amerihideous dreams of what is to come-the feverish can Organ imputes to him. Was there ever so agony, or the more frightful deadness to all feelings shameful a misrepresentation? the weight of eyes that overwhelm the criminal's Mr. Buchanan's position on slavery is impregna-

-the faint, useless hope of a mockery of sympathy ble. He never deviated a hair's breadth from the the hangman, like a spectre crawling, near him- straight line of justice and constitutional daty. His the short helpless struggle-the last sickly pang :- enemies concede this, when they resort to such infaall combine to render this punishment as disgusting mous frauds as that which we have just exposed, to convict him of infidelity to the South. Mr. Buchanan's vote on the above resolution sub-The Fusion of the North Americans with the Fillmitted by Mr. Clay, reveals another interesting fact, ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 24.—The North Ameriviz: that in 1838, by recorded vote in the Senate, cans at their last night's session adopted a resolution Mr. Buchanan affirmed the principle that "when

ty, but declaring their national committee disbanded. They then adjourned finally.
ROCHESTER, Sept. 24.—The Fillmore convention rights of the territories over slavery. So that the have completed their State electoral ticket, Daniel American Organ's fraud results only in vindicating Ullman and Jesse C. Dunn being selected electors at the character of the man whom the Organ intended large. The convention adjourned at three o'clock to assail. This is the effect of every libellous atthis morning, with twelve cheers for Fillmore and tack on the reputation of Mr. Buchanan. Another interesting circumstance disclosed by the above resolution of Mr. Clay, is the fact that he and Mr. Buchanan, and every Senator who voted for

We entreat the American Organ to try its hand

# General Notices.

ted States. more Convention, &c.

TUST RECEIVED PER SCHR. D. C. HULSE,

GEO. H. KELLEY & BRO. For sale cheap by

Sept. 12th, 1856-2-3m] AN OVERSEER. Apply to WANTED, G. J. McREE.

Terms made easy. Apply to Aug. 15, 1856-50-tf

their advantage to call on the subscriber, at Wilmington.
DAVID J. SOUTHERLAND.
June 27th, 1856.

Wortce.

HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH ME IN the Hardware Business, in Wilmington, my son C. E.
ROBINSON. The business will hereafter be conducted under the firm of J. M. ROBINSON.
Wilmington, Jan. 1st, 1856

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS ARE HEREBY FOREWARNED from the premises, may manner, on my lands in Columbus county, N. C., under the penalty of the law.
Sept. 20, 1855.—8-tf

NOTICE TO MILL OWNERS.
THE SUBSCRIBER has been carrying on the MILL—TWRIGHT BUSINESS for many years, and wishes to inform the Public of the fact that he will continue the same inform the Public of the fact that he will continue the same inform the Public of the fact that he will continue the same inform the Public of the fact that he will continue the same inform the Public of the fact that he will continue the same inform the Public of the fact that he will continue the same inform the Public of the fact that he will continue the same inform the Public of the fact that he will be put up on various principles, and on the most improved plans for Sawing Lumber or Grinding Corn.

HAVE THIS DAY ASSOCIATED WITH ME IN the Hardware Business, in day well of an architectural beauty, and the reverge constructed and the presents from the breast and the heaves and to the year good water. The Land is about twenty-five and the represents from the premise and to the passer by a most beautiful appearance.

This farm is in a neighborhood of sobriety, hospitality, and is in the vicinity of four different houses of public worship.

A long one vill purchase without examination, the overseer on the premises, for A well of an architectural beauty, and the neighborhood of sobriety, hospitality, and is in the vicinity of four different houses of public worship.

A LL PERSONS ARE HEREBY FOREWARNED Methods of the fact of the fact that he will not be filled. Necessity compels us to adopt this plan and seventy-five and seventy-five and seventy-five and seventy-five and sevent

A SITUATION is wanted as TEACHER.

Sep. 10, 1856.

The Title to all this property is undisputed, and can be purchased on easy and liberal terms. The Mules on the Plantation, together with the Hogs, Cattle and Sheep, can be purchased with the farm if desired.

For further information, apply either to R. D. Eborn, North Creek, Beaufort County, or to James Garrason, Long Creek, New Hanover County.

ROBERT D. EBORN, IAMES GARRASON, Dog'ed.

road, known as the Bonner lot. This lot is situated in the most eligible part of the town, either for a family residence or a private Boarding House, for which latter purpose it was used, and with marked success while occupied by the late Mr. Bonner. On this lot are good Stables, an excellent Well of Water, Ceach House, Smeke House and every convenience that could be desired. (This property, at two-

letter the Old Hero came out decidedly for Mr. Buchanan as the democratic candidate for President, and recommend the delegates present at the interview to support him in the Baltimore Convention. It is scarcely necessary for us to allude to the high character of Judge Catron, the author of the letter referred to. He is at present, and has been for many

years, one of the justices of the Supreme Court of the United States. The correspondence is as fol-HERMITAGE, Sept. 16, 1856 Dear Sir: Will you be kind enough to state to me your recollection of certain remarks, and the conversation that occurred on your visit to the Hermitage in the spring of 1844, between my father (General Jackson) and certain delegates from Alabama, I think, on their way then to attend the Baltimore

Convention, and just after the letter of Mr. Van Buren against the annexation of Texas appeared in public, and greatly oblige your friend and obedient ANDREW JACKSON. Justice Carron, of the Supreme Court of the Unihis record and purge themselves of such inconsistency .- Washington " American Organ." Nashville, Sept. 17, 1856.

Dear Sir: In your note of yesterday you desire me to state my recollection of certain remarks that In 1844, when the delegates were on their way to come early next morning to the Hermitage." Gen. unreliable authority.

Strange, Swift, Walker, Webster, Williams, Wright and Young-29. (Ibid, page 72.) The American Organ recites the names of certain

words, and this was the vote on its passage :

dispositions, this equivocal appeal to the imagination may not have become an ingredient to pamper murderous thoughts, and to give a superstitious bias to the last act of the will? To see this ghastly appearable last act of the will? To see this ghastly appearable last act of the will? To see this ghastly appearable last act of the will?

suffered, or that others suffer—there is something in all these circumstances that may lead the mind to tempt the same fate, and place itself beyond the reach tions involved in Mr. Rives' resolution, and for that

cheerfully responding to the proposition of the Fill-more convention for a fusion on the Fillmore ticket, State, the people thereof shall decide that question reaffirming the principles of the North American par- (slavery) exclusively for themselves"—thus early and thus distinctly repudiating Squatter Sovereignty, and announcing the true doctrine in regard to the

THE Subscriber has Ten Crops of TURPENTINE BOXES for rent or sale, at a low price, in Williamsburg District, S. C. The boxes have been worked from one to the resolution, then and by that act discredited the sanctity and obligatory force of the Missouri restriction, by declaring that the people of every territory two years. Persons wishing to buy or rent can address the undersigned at Indiantown P. O., S. C.
Aug. 15, 1856.—9tw

J. F. NESMITH. possess the exclusive power of determining the slavery question for themselves.

Wilmington Iournal.

FOR PRESIDENT OF THE U. S. JAMES BUCHANAN, of Pennsylvania, FOR VICE-PRESIDENT, J. C. BRECKINRIDGE, of Kentucky.

ELECTORS FOR PRESIDENT AND VICE PRESIDENT. For the State at Large : HENRY M. SHAW, of Currituck, SAMUEL P. HILL, of Caswell.

Districts:
F. MARTIN, of Pasquotank,
J. BLOW, of Pitt,
SMITH, of New Hanover,
TON H. WILDER, of Wake, MM. S. SMITH, of New GASTON H. WILDER, of Wake, S. E. WILLIAMS, of Alamance, THOS. SETTLE, Jr., of Rockingham, R. P WARING, of Mecklenburg, W. W. AVERY, of Burke.

MASS MEETING AND BARBECUE.-We are requested to state that a Democratic Mass Meeting will be will remain patent to all :- namely, that of all those held at Leesburg, in this county, on Friday, the 10th members of the former Whig party there present, inst., upon which occasion a Free Barbecue will be there was not one that had not already identified given, to which, as well as the meeting, all citizens, himself by acts and committals with the so-called without distinction of party, are invited. The ladies American party, that of those who, like Osborne, are especially invited to grace the meeting with their | Steele, Leake, Little, Barringer, Kerr, and others in presence

that our friends in New Hanover and Duplin, will That Gov. Graham declared that the meeting had make a strong turnout. There will be good speaking, good feeling, and, if we know anything about those who have it in hand, something good for the in the nomination of Fillmore and Donelson, illustratinnerman. So turn out, and give a day to Buck and

Most certainly, the advocates of Mr. Fillmore bring forward strange arguments to induce the people of the South to support that gentleman. We take for examples, the latest issues of the Wilmington Herald and the Fayetteville Observer, both of which er can it pretend that it can find in Mr. Fillmore a are before us. The Herald speaks of the terrible anti-slavery excitement at the North. It says it is literally the North against the South, a determined, irate, revengeful opposition,-that Republicanism has swallowed up Democracy, Whiggery and Americanism, and rallies its hosts under the cry of " freedom against slavery." The Herald further asserts, that Mr. Fillmore can get votes at the North, that Buchanan cannot get, that he can carry States that Buchanan cannot carry. If, as the Herald asserts, Republicanism has swallowed up every thing at the North, where is Fillmore to get his votes, from whom and on what account? Is the assertion of his strength in regions so situated, under circumstances so defined, any recommendation to him or any assurance to the people of the South? Is not the assertion of such army, have voluntarily, and of their own accord, strength by his friends, predicated upon consider ations which ought to render the support of the South- still in the face of a world that has watched all their ern people impossible

ing over the glorious "Whig Convention" at Baltimore, says, under the caption of "The Whig Fire "But the strongest sign that has occurred, is the

accession of the Johnson wing of the North Ameriheld in New York, at a later period of the year .-The Black Republican Convention met in Philadelphia two or three days later than the " North Americans" did in New York, but the latter, being telegraph. ed, waited to receive their cue from their abolition The Black Republicans nominated Fremont. and the "North Americans;" ratified the abolition nomination, nearly as obsequiously as the " Whig Convention" has ratified the Know Nothing nomination-not quite, for the Whigs have swallowed Donelson and all, whereas the North Americans made some show of independence by putting Johnson, an abolitionist of their own choosing, instead of Dayton, the abolitionist chosen for them by the Republicans, in the position of a candidate for the Vice-Presidency. Although Fremont is alike the nominee of the North Americans and Black Republicans, Johnson, nominated with him by the " North Amer-Presidency thought of. The "Johnson Americans" were willing enough to go Fremont, and the Fremont platform, but wanted a hand of their own in the game, in the shape of Johnson. If they or any portion of them, coalesce with the Fillmourners, be assured that they do not do so without a con-sid-er-ra-

Such be the inducements held out to the Southern people to support Fillmore. The North is swallowed up in Republicanism, and wont vote for Buchanan, but will vote for Fillmore. The Johnson abolitionists are fusing on Fillmore-therefore the South

DUPLIN COUNTY AGRICULTURAL FAIR .- We are requested to state that the Annual Fair of the Duplin County Agricultural Society, will be held a Kenansville, on Thursday and Friday the 6th and 7th days of November next, instead of the 13th and 14th days, as originally announced, the change being made to prevent a clashing with the convention of Stockholders of the Wilmington and Weldon R. R. Co., which would have occurred under the previ-

MAINE.-The Herald sometime ago asked what had become of the Democrats of Maine. Since the returns have come in we find that the Democratic thought upon which the friends of the Constitution Democratic East, the section most interested in the vote of Maine was larger this Fall than that cast for can alone rely for success. It cannot be denied that Franklin Pierce in 1852. The Democrats of Maine those who resolutely stand forward to breast the or indifferent. were all at their posts, every one of them. In 1852, current of sectional fanaticism, during times of such Pierce got 41,609 votes, and then had a majority of excitement as these, fight against terrible odds. Men nine thousand over Scott, and a clear majority over are easily carried away by a taking catch-word, or a Scott and Hale combined. Now, although the Democratic vote is over forty-three thousand, the Democrats are beaten some twenty thousand. There is cheating about, and the Democrats have been cheated by false returns or stuffed ballot boxes.

FATAL SHOOTING AFFAIR .- We learn that on yesterday afternoon, Needham Stanly, a resident of Masonboro' Sound, shot a young man named Puckett, the latter being a son-in-law to the former. Puckett is dead. The Coroner and jury are gone down to hold an inquest .- Daily Journal 1st inst.

Yesterday afternoon Coroner Hartsfield held an inquest over the body of Priam Puckett, shot the afternoon previous, as stated by us yesterday. The Jury returned a verdict that he came to his death from wounds inflicted by a gun in the hands of Needham Stanland. Mr. Stanland surrendered himself,

" BADLYR FIGHTENED."- Under the above heading. he Favetteville Observer of Monday indulges in something like a column of editorial matter devoted to the logic or the anecdotes of its cotemporary. The anecdote with which the leading article concludes, might have been profitably omitted. It is true, the Observer disavows the application of its insulting language to us, but the very introduction of it at all, in this connection, shows an existing impulse to brag the thing out, although that impulse be restrained to some extent.

The Observer, whose senior Editor was " one of them," may resort to as many ingenious devices as it pleases, to satisfy itself and its readers that the late meeting at Baltimore was a Convention representing a party, but after all its assertions and steamboat anecdotes of venerable Tennesseans, and men with hair on their upper lips, the main facts of the case our own State, had taken a different course, there We anticipate a "good time" generally, and trust was no representation present and no account taken. not assembled for the purpose of deliberation, but simply to ratify the acts of the Know Nothing party ing his remarks by an anecdote, so original that it no doubt survived the deluge, and has since been embalmed in the classic pages of the comic almanac .-Nor can the Observer, after its own emphatic repudiation and strongly expressed dislike of Donelson, pretend that it takes the ticket as a Whig ticket. Neith-Whig candidate, for it knows that he himself has expressly stated that he is the candidate of another organization; but it has found in what it wanted, an opponent to Democracy. To find and support this opponent, it has thrown itself into the arms of a party which has proclaimed that proud Whig party of which it talks so much, "in ruins," and ruined by its own corruption; the Democratic party sternly repelled the disgraceful accusation against itself, and in every Southern State in which elections have been held this Fall, has triumphantly crushed its accusers, while a number of gentlemen who talk much about their proud position as "old Line Whigs," not content with practically kissing the rod that smites them, and forming the tail to the Know Nothing formally erected a yoke under which to pass, and manœuvres, proclaim themselves "old Line Whigs," And the Fayetteville Observer of Monday, rejoic. and their preconcerted arrangement for submission, a " Great Whig Convention !"

are great upon anecdotes, perhaps it may not be much out of place if we remind them of that somewhat ancient one of the stork caught among the geese. It cans in New York, who have come over to Fillmore." pleaded that it was no wicked goose, but a respecta-So the Observer considers it one of the signs ble and filially devoted stork. The farmer who had of the "Whig fire spreading," that a band of the captured his stork-ship, was not to be imposed upmost notorious abolitionists have fused with another on. "So much the worse" said he, "you ought to have band of not quite so notorious ones in the State of New known better, but you have stolen and plundered York. The Observer cannot be ignorant of who and like a goose, and are caught like a goose, and," what the "Johnson Americans" are, any more than wringing its neck, "you must suffer like a goose." here have little or no comtrol. it can be of the history of Johnson himself. After Now the Observer and its Convention friends may the February "American Convention" had met in Phil- contend that they do not belong to the "American adelphia, the representatives of most of the North- party;" but without acknowledging any allegiance guishes their politics. The commercial papers of ern State Councils called another Convention to be to that party they have voted its votes, supported its candidates, and fought its battles, and no affectation of high-flown dignity, as absurd as it is misplaced, can alter the position which they have voluntarily chosen for themselves, or induce the public to draw a distinction where there is no difference. Cicero or some other distinguished Roman once expressed his surprise that any two of those grave and venerable humbugs, known as Augurs, could look each other in the face without bursting into laughter, suggested by their mutual consciousness of each other's tricks in trade. Had it been possible for Cicero to have witnessed the meetings of the Baltimore "Convention," he would at once have perceived the great and scientific developement of the art of humbug, and seen at a glance how far our modern bores surpass the ancient Augurs. "The Observer must excuse us," for the present, as our time will not permit us to notice any more of its facetious disquisitions. Surely the icans," seems to have been totally dropped, and only Observer's party must be "badly frightened" when Dayton, the Black Republican nominee for the Vice- it resorts to so transparent a shift as its so called Whig Convention" at Baltimore.

Since the Observer, Mr. Graham, and Mr. Banks

Two or three exchanges and no news, no North. ern mail, nothing of interest from our own State, or elsewhere-a strange monotony in the tones of the rity. political organs, at home and abroad, North and

specious appeal to their passions. Plausible arguments are taken up with facility, correct conclusions must be arrived at through laborious investigation .-These are the grounds which lead us to fear for the result, not the pitiful braggadocio so current in the organs of the opposition.

That a reaction must come, we feel certain, but will it come in time, that is the point, and the only point. Will the reaction come in time to prevent the occurrence of a Northern sectional triumph upon Abolition grounds. A triumph, the result of which will be to narrow down the government of the Union to the simple dominancy of the majority section, and leave the South as much excluded as though she no onger formed a portion of the confederacy.

The Northern Abolition press, say defiantly that they will elect just whom they please, and make the South submit, and John Minor Botts and Henry and does not deny that he fired the gun, but asserts Winter Davis give in their adhesion to such doctrines, has got into difficulties. He called a meeting of his that he did so in self-defence, which seems to be before Fillmore meetings, in the capital of Virginia. creditors recently in Boston, in consequence of his borne out by the other testimony so far as it has Do these men speak the sentiments of any consider- having to pay at once a large amount, the result of deny that there has been anything like a black frost reached us. He was committed to Jail until 12 able party at the South. If they do, then subjugation an award against him in England, where he has lost in the States named, while despatches from Memphis,

The precise state of things at the South is almost without a parallel. Never before, within so short a last week: the Journal, which latter paper begs leave to say, time of a presidential election was there so little that it is not in the least degree frightened, either by animation or apparent excitement. Interest there is certainly felt, but not of the same character as that which distinguished former contests. There is a could be brought about. And don't you feel that this deeper and different feeling, one looking beyond the is your only hope? But you are mistaken—disappresent moment—one connected with issues of higher pointed—and like a whipped spaniel, driven to your present moment-one connected with issues of higher importance than mere party triumphs. What would avail this or that local or partizan success if the country be gone? What the use of a national par- fectly understand each other, and are not disposed to ty if a national or confederate existence can no longer be honorably preserved. Politics are, at the South, no longer the madness of the hour, save with the reckless or unthinking. There is a sullen quietude and apparent indifference to consequences which shows a foregone conclusion. The South has determined upon its course, and it remains for the course may take will depend the issue which must effectually chawed up. But whether a union Elecbe met. It is at the North that the battle has to be fought. It is there that the struggle is going on ;- now ! there and in some of the border States like Maryland, where there may be some chance for Fillmore.

It is hardly now a political contest at the South. It is an effort after Southern unity, for the protection Wilmor and Burlingame are requires no explanation: of Southern rights in the Union; and for co-operation to the same end should the last resort of disunion be rendered inevitable. This strange and unexamplified calm is more ominous than the wildest excitement, or the loudest noise. It shows a mind made up to either alternative and careless of either. If we can have a fair and equal Union, withcut constant fuss, worriment, interference and recrimination, very well. If we cannot, very well too, we are tired of a Union with our enemies on any such terms. Is not this state of things apparent,-It certainly is general throughout this State, and, so far as we can see, throughout most of the Southern State with the exception of one or two of the barder States, where Mr. Fillmore's friends affect to think he has some chance, and so keep up a talking.

Partizan prejudices and antipathies carry men farther than partizan attachments. The opposition seem very easily to have shuffled off all their former party ties and names, but amid all their clanges and turnings to have preserved the one ruling instinct of party at the North. opposition to Democracy, in obedience to which illmore men in Pennsylvania unite with Fremont men upon a common State ticket composed of the bitterest Free Soilers, and at the South men calling themselves "Old Line Whigs," go for the candidates of an order which had proclaimed their party ruined by its own corruptions. This opposition to Democisms of the day, and forms the common bond of contrary, notwithstanding. union in both sections. But many, very many of the first minds both at the North and the South have as patriots for the interests of their country. The result of the contest now rapidly approaching will show how far the efforts of the true friends of the country have been crowned with success or subjected to failure. May we not trust that, come what may, the menaced section will be united, and not suffer her strength to be dissipated by suicidal divisions. For the promotion of this object we shall labor, leaving to the management of others who have a more of the United States. immediate concern in them, events over which we

Even the business movements of the Southern \$100 that he will receive a smaller number of States are marked by the same reserve which distinthe North are surprised to find the purchases of Southern merchants so unprecedentedly light, in view of the immense money value of Southern exports, ex. ceeding those of any former year. New Orleans. Mobile, Charleston and Savannah have shipped more money's worth of produce than during any season in the history of the country. The amount of goods going to the sections for which these ports form the outlet are nominal, when compared with former years This is another significant indication.

15-In tumbling over some of our recent State exchanges, we Lappened on a remark in the Raleigh Signal Know Nothing campaign paper, of the 27th, which so attracted our attention that we desire to bring it to the notice of our Democratic readers as a sort of reminder against indifference or over-security. We have mislaid the Signal, but the import of the affair was this :-- that unquestionably the vote in November would be much smaller than in August, and that the full vote polled for Gilmer at the late elecion would in all probability constitute a majority of the vote on the presidential election, and thus the State might be carried by the minority, through the over-confidence and consequent neglect of the majo-

It is worth while for Democrats, for the friends of South, these are the materials out of which and the Buchanan and the Constitution, to reflect upon this, circumstances under which we are called upon to and act accordingly. If this is the calculation of their opponents it is time they set to work quietly 17th. The "spirit of the press" if there be such a thing to thwart their aims. It will never do for us to at the present time, would be very hard to character- allow our opponents to steal a march upon us-for ize. The real question, the fact that must be appar- them to bring out their full forces and us to lay back ent as the key of the existing presidential contest is contented and say there is no danger of defeat, and this :- Can Mr. Buchanan, along with the South, so permit ourselves to be defeated. We must arouse carry a sufficient number of Northern votes to defeat ourselves, quietly but thoroughly, and work, without Fremont, or will Fremont carry the whole North, fuss, but also without fail. See that every county, and be elected? Let us say candidly, that we pay every precinct is organized and its full vote polled little attention to the great body of the rumours that for Buchanan and Breckinridge, men eminently des we see in the papers or hear from individuals—the serving of all the confidence we can repose in them, givings out of excited partizans or the boastful pro- all the support we can give them-men denounced fessions of interested electioneerers, put forth for ef- from every Free Soil rostrum, because of their Canton, is confirmed. Their liabilities amount to up fidelity to our rights, and even branded as sectional The close proximity of the day of election is the by some among us at the South because of that same main circumstance which the Democratic party bas fidelity. Let us roll up the votes and give for our to dread at the North. Appealing, as their antagon noble candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presiist do, to all the exciting prejudices of the populace, dency, a larger majority even than we gave for our there is little time for the action of that sober second gallant Bragg. The West is in a blaze, shall the pecunliar institution of the South alone remain cold

The ease with which the Dutch are reported to have taken Holland, is only paralleled by the alacrity with which the Know Nothings come out for Fillmore. Potent, grave and reverend seigniors, who had been acting for months, in fact all the time, with the so-called American party, suddenly feel a "revival of religion" operating within them, and they make the surprising discovery, that they are "Old Line Whigs" whom the spirit has moved to go for Fillmore and Donelson, especially Donelson. Every a street row. now and then we read of some distinguished individual or dreadfully influential paper coming out for Fillmore, said person or paper having been all along a partizan of the party to which Fillmore belongs .-The Raleigh Signal says that the New Orleans Picayune, has come out for Fillmore. A remarkable fact, since it always went that stripe. We have a notion to come out for Buchanan, and be published

no- Donald McKay, the great Boston Ship Builder

The Pennsylvania Fusion. The following is from the Clarion Pa., Banner of

"Our Buchanan neighbor is sorely exercised because we have run up the name of Fremont below that of Fillmore. Anything wrong, eh? you and your time-serving party be tickled if a split hiding places. In the hope of saving any more crocodile tears on the part of our neighbor we will just inform him that the Fillmore and Fremont men perlet him into the secret-this is what troubles the poor fellow-and he will find that all his pretended ympathy for either of the candidates will not give

him a vote.' In another article the Banner says :- " We would nform that gentleman that the Fillmore men and Fremont men in Clarion county are a perfect unit in the State, county and district tickets. And then, when the election is over in October, a union electoral tick-North to do likewise; upon the direction which that et will be formed and James Platform will be most toral ticket is formed or not, there is no man here who would cast his vote for Ten Cent James. There,

> And the following from the Philadelphia Bulletin of Saturday. E. Joy Morris is the Fillmore candidate for Congress in the second district, Pa.; who

"A grand Union Mass Meeting of the opponents of the Pierce Administration and the Cincinnati Platform, will be beld at Lewistown, Pa., on Saturday, Oct. 11th. Hon. E. Joy Morris, Hon. John C. Kunkel, Thaddeus Stevens, Esq., Hon. David Wilmot, Hon. A. N. Burlingame, and other distinguished speakers have been invited to be present."

The Herald in alluding to the fact that several Northern Democrats or men who have been Democrats, have gone over to the support of Fremont, is, unfortunately, too correct, but it fails to draw the distinction between the acts of the deserters, and the or any other Black Republican candidates at the North, men quit the ranks of the Democracy, whereas in Pennsylvania and other States, men are read out of the ranks of the Fillmore Americans for declining To the American People.-- A Voice from Ashland. to support Republican fusion tickets. When any man goes over to Fremont or any of Fremont's party. he ceases to be a Democrat. Not so with any other

The people of Florida have an action for damages against Gov. Brown, or the types in yesterday's Herald. The Gov. therein says that " Fremont and Donelson will receive the electoral vote of this State (Florida) for President and Vice President of the nited States at the ensuing election." We presume, racy is the common feeling which pervades all the but that would also be a mistake, Gov. Brown, to the

nobly risen superior to such narrow impulses and go by the Electoral Colleges,-was offered by a Fillmore man to several members of the Democratic party, but the bet was not taken up. "Straws," &c. Herald of Tuesday.

> We heard the story somewhat differently, the boot being on the other leg. We care little about such things, and have no money to bet, but are authorized to say that any gentleman desirous of investing can

\$100 that Mr. Fillmore will not receive a majority this painful position their deep indignation. of the electoral votes, and

electoral votes than either of the other candidates. The money will be put up immediately on application at this office. So much for that.

Hon. Samuel D. Ingham, Gen. Jackson's secretary state, and a democrat from the start, has declared unequivocally for Fremont .- Boston Journal. "A democrat from the start," but always one of the most bitter opponents of the democratic party in Union, ever since Gen. Jackson turned him out of his cabinet (or rather forced him to resign,) in 1829. By the way, Mr. Ingham was secretary of the treasury, not "of state," as the Journal has it. The above is a fair specimen of the way that paper manufactures "buncombe" for Fremont since it turned trai-

This same Fremont "Buncombe" has been going the rounds of the Fillmore press at the South. The that I owe to the memory of my husband to say to strong reason for believing that the South is righting Boston Journal used to be a Fillmore paper too .-

The Charleston Board of Health reports five deaths from Yellow Fever, for the 24 hours ending at 9 o'clock, on Sunday night.

A project is on foot to consolidate the two cities of Washington and Georgetown under a single municipal government. The two cities are pretty nuch joined by buildings.

Four days Later from Europe.

NEW YORK, Sept. 29 .- The steamer Baltic arrived here this morning, bringing Liverpool dates to the

The European news is meagre. The only subject of interest is the state of affairs between Naples and the United States. The Chartists' organizations are being revived in

England. Favorable weather for harvesting extended throughout the Kingdom. There is nothing of interest from France or Spain. General Bravo was spoken of as the new Spanish Minister to Washington.

Switzerland and Prussia were settling the Neuf chatel affair by diplomacy Rumors of further notes from Naples are rife, but

not entitled to much credit. The suspension of the house of Wetmore & Co., at wards of \$3,000,000, but their assets are ample. The London Morning star warns the Southern States of the United States not to dream of annexa-

tion to England! The Paris correspondent of the London Times say there is no doubt but that a Congress will be held at Paris during the coming winter to settle the questions arising out of the treaty of Paris. The Emperor was to leave Biarritz on the 28th for

The official account of the affair at Algeria with the Kabyles shows it to have been opposed by only one rigiment and a squadron of Chausseurs. After a desperate fight the Kabyles retreated but returned the next day, when they were beaten. An expedi tion against them was resolved on.

Advices from China state that Dr. Parker, the United States Commissioner, was at Foo Chew, but had been unable to get an interview with the Viceroy. The steamer San Jacinto broke down on her way to Simoda, but put into Wampoa. Howard Cunningham, an American merchant, had been killed at Foo Chew while endeavoring to quell

The Latest.

London, Tuesday Evening .- The Stock Exchange experienced a favorable change to-day. The panic feeling of last week has entirely disappeared and The rally in consols has been fully a per cent. There compare as follows: was a general recovery in railway shares of \$ to \$ per cent. All markets closing decidedly firmer. The money market is unchanged.

At Paris yesterday the 3 per cents. declining 1 a 1. Diplomatic relations are about to be re-established between Russia and Spain.

The Reported Frost and the Cotton Crop. SAVANNAH, Sept. 27 .- Reliable private despatches

The President's Visit to New Hampshire. Washington, Sept. 28 .- The President will leave His Mounted Guard will escort him from the White

House to the depot, where he will be received by the field staff and company officers of the District Volunteer Regiment, who will accompany him as far as Baltimore. The President on his Journey to New Hampshire. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 30, P. M.—The President of the United States has received a handsome reception here to-day, as he did this morning in Baltimore, in his passage through on a visit to his home in New Hampshire. He met appropriate honors also on the The whole thing of getting up this bogus Conven. route here from Baltimore. At Elkton, Md., he was received by a delegation of thirty-one from the State of Delaware, when Dr. Askew welcomed the President in patriotic and thrilling terms. President

Pierce replied handsomely. At almost every point the veomanry turned out heartily to pay their respects to the Chief Magistrate. At Wilmington a Nothing party, and supported by Know Nothing elegation from Philadelphia met the party, and voters. Mayor Vaux addressed the President in enthusiastic the late bogus Convention at Baltimore has failed Mayor Vaux addressed the Freshold in Children to vote for the Know Nothing candidates or to sus. reached Philadelphia a heavy shower of rain was tain the Know Nothing party since the disintefalling, yet there was an immense crowd in attendrectly through for the New York train. Your fine ed to the American party!" Oh! no. They were company of Baltimore City Guards are all right, and all too pure, too patriotic to join the b goted leave here to night at eleven o'clock on their return and proscritive Know Nothing organization, but Democratic Mass Meeting.

MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., Sept. 29 .- The largest Demo-MAUCH CHUNK, Pa., Sept. 29.—The largest Demo-cratic meeting ever held in Carbon county took place portunity of doing so! And forsooth, simple mind here to-day. From an early hour he town was alive with excitement; vehicles of all descriptions, with from one to two horse teams, pouring their loads into the town. The meeting was organized by the selection of Charles Williams as President, and the assembled thousands were addressed by the Hon. A. B. Wright, Gen. Wynkoop, Capt. A. Day, Charles

W. Carrigan, H. W. Dimmick, and B. Schoonver. From Kansas.

CHICAGO, Sept. 29.—Private advices from Kansas Is any one verdant enough to think that these gento the 18th have been received. The Territory has tlemen had not, before that period, made up their been tolerably quiet The border has been closed a- minds to vote for Fillmore? Why, Gov. Graham position of their former party. To go for Fremont against the free State men. Gen. Lane was at Ne- himself, in his speech in the Convention, delivered braska city on the 18th. .

Col. Harvey had captured the famous "Lone Star" flag of the South Carolinians.

The following brief, dignified, and touching appeal cannot fail to arouse in the bosom of every true run for the Vice-Presidency on the ticket with American emotions of the deepest sympathy for the General Scott, who was preferred over him.—aged relict of the departed patriot of Ashland, and Mr. Graham, we say, omitted to recall this fact to feelings of indignation at those ruthless defamers, who, for party purposes, have not hesitated to invade her domestic privacy and expose to the rude glare people why they should in 1856 vote for a man for of public criticism those family relations and hearthstone scenes held sacred to the humblest among us. It is mortifying to the American people that the declining years of the widow of him to whom this ening the dark prospects of Fillmore, and of getting republic loved to recognise a debt of public gratitude should not be permitted to pass in that calm had seen his quondam friends, one after another. of course that Fillmore and Donelson were intended, serenity her eminent virtues would merit. It is abandon his fortunes. They had seen the most enough to bow the head of every Kentuckian in talent and most distinguished members of the old shame for his native State when he sees that peace Whig party openly take their position on the side of and quiet in which the widow of Henry Clay had Mr. Buchanan in this canvass. Something must be Yesterday, a bet of \$100,-that Buchanan hoped to pass the brief remnant of her days disturb done, some device must be resorted to, in order to would not be elected President of the United States ed by coarse and cruel assaults upon the domestic relations of her immediate family circle.

She has in silence witnessed unjust attacks upon her son, until her aged heart can no longer withhold sinking, an expiring cause. It was tried and failed, its tribute to his filial love and devotion. She has and the patient is now in articulo mortis, seen the ties of affection which once united her family criticised and misrepresented, until her duty to the memory of her departed husband demands her interposition. She comes forth with pain from that retirement which should never have been invaded, ern Whiz Senators, not including Mr. Clayton, of be accommodated with any or all of the the following: and in that calm dignity becoming her position, ap-\$100 that Mr. Buchanan will be the next President plies to the American people for protection. Let that people atone for the past, if atonement is possible.

> For the Kentucky Statesman. LEXINGTON, Sept. 18, 1856.

MR. EDITOR: In compliance with the intimation Know Nothings can rightly claim the name of an contained in the subjoined note, addressed to us by Old Line Whig, is now a Buchanan man. If so, let the venerable reliot of the Hon. H. Clay, we request this fact answer the question "Where are the Old von to give it an insertion in your earliest issue.

Yours, &c., T. A. MARSHALL. J. O. HARRISON.

GENTLEMEN: Having seen from time to time the most abusive and unjust attacks made upon my son, James B. Clay, in the Louisville Journal, I had hoped that among the many who have profetsed to be the friends of the father might be found some willing and anxious to vindicate the son, knowing, as many tor to Fillmore, and joined the abolitionists.—Bay of them must know, the injustice and untruths contained in those attacks. But as such hopes appear weight could have brought them to the support of the to be fruitless, repugnant as it is to me to appear in any way before the public, I feel that it is a duty you, his executors, and through you to the public. that the charges made against my son James are ly these old line whigs, but leading members of the utterly and unqualifiedly false; that he possessed the love, respect, and confidence of his father, and was ever to both his father and myself a most affectionate and duriful son, always endeavoring to alleviate our sorrows and add to our happiness.

His father took his advice in the making of his last will, and at all times advised and consulted freely and affectionately with him, having confidence in among our opponents ask themselves, is it not possihis love, integrity, and judgment.

He was not with his father at the time of hi death, it being the express desire of his father, know ing the condition of his family—in a distant State. upon a new place, among strangers, and his wife in feeble health, herself but lately bereaved of a father -that he should not leave them and go to him. He was present to his father's funeral, directing the mournful preparations, and offering words of consolation and of comfort to his widowed mother.

It was my husband's desire and hope that his so James should be the possessor of Ashland; and al. a desire to see it, and receiving a wink one of the though it had been my intention to reside at Ashland during my lifetime, yet, partly owing to the tumbling, ruinous condition of the house, through one of you, Mr. James O. Harrison, I begged my son to with one of the clerks, and the spirit was pointed out come at once and purchase the place.

I have only to add, gentlemen, that I make this statement to you without the knowledge of my son James, and to regret once more that I should have been drawn forth from the privacy and seclusion in pitching into him, he cut him about twenty licks as which I have hoped to pass the brief remnant of my

Yours, very truly, LUCRETIA CLAY. To Judge Thomas A. Marshall and James O. Harrison, Esq.

The Right Way to Talk. At Concord, Preble county, Ohio, a large Democratic meeting was recently held. A delegation of fifty-four young ladies attended from Boston, Wayne county, Indiana in an immense hickory wagon, drawn by eight horses. Each lady was dressed in white, and held in her hand a small white flag bearing the names of Buchanan and Breckinginge. Around the wagon was stretched a pink colored canvass, was soon after discovered by several friends, and containing the motte, "WHITE HUSBANDS OR NONE." This is the way to say it. The reproof of the present disgusting attempts to elevate the negro to an Herald says: equality with, or superiority to the white race, was well-timed and forcible. We like to hear the wild fanatics thus rebuked, who would crush out the manners of our forefathers, as well as their principles of civil government. - [Pnensylvanian.

TRADE AT THE SOUTH .- The New York Econo-

"Even the South, which has had so good a year in sales of exports, is backward in purchasing. exports of New Orleans have incresed 50 per cent. and those of Mobile for the six months of 1856, are equal to the whole of 1855. The exports of Mobile large purchases at improved prices have been made. and New Orleans for the first six months of 1856,

1855. New Orleans \$40,318,226 10,148,623 17,061,935 Total-6 months \$50,566,849

The increased exports from the two ports alone are thirty-eight and a quarter millions, a fact which indicates the comparative purchasing power of the matters of ship-building. region which supplies those points with produce."

DEATH OF W. R. TABER, JR.—We are pained to York since his boyhood. announce the death of W. R. TABER, Jr., Esq., late O'clock this forenoon, to await a further investigation.

P. S.—We understand that the investigation that the investigation has that the investigation has a submission form the only alternative. We trust very largely in connection with those who purchas.

In the States named, while despatches from Memphis, announce the death of W. R. Taber, Jr., Esq., late very largely in connection with those who purchas.

Yery largely in connection with those who purchas that the investigation has a crowded audience at Louisville, Ky., on the largely in connection with those who purchas. been postponed until to-morrow, to allow time to send for witnesses.—Daily Journal 2nd inst.

F. S.—The above was drepared for yesterday's later and the investigation has been postponed until to-morrow, to allow time to send for witnesses.—Daily Journal 2nd inst.

F. S.—The above was drepared for yesterday's a crowded audience at Louisville, Ky., on the night are abundant to meet all liabilities, and leave him says the 20th inst. His defence of himself are abundant to meet all liabilities, and leave him mails.—Daily Journal 1st inst,

A Mobile dispatch of Thursday (25th) simply recently appeared in the Mercury.

S.—The above was drepared for yesterday's a crowded audience at Louisville, Ky., on the night are abundant to meeting are abundant to meet all liabilities, and leave him mails.—Daily Journal 1st inst,

A Mobile dispatch of Thursday (25th) says, "we have had a very light frost." recently appeared in the Mercury.

perate Remedy for a Desperate Cause.

Those "Whigs" who lately assembled in Convention in Baltimore, would have the country believe that they have lived in perfect retirement from the strife and turmoil of politics ever since the disor. ganization of the Whig party. They seek to create the impression that they have hitherto refused to attach themselves to the Know Nothing party, and that their object in meeting together in Baltimore

was to counsel with each other, to deliberate on the present political aspect of affairs, and to determine for the first time what candidate they should, as disinterested patriots, support in the present contest, tion was a shallow artifice, a miserable attempt to deceive the people. Those who participated in it have been all the while active partizans in the Know Nothing tanks, if not regular sworn members of the Order." Some of them have been candidates, receiving their nomination at the hands of the Know We venture to assert that not a member of The P. esident and party were escorted dithey have continued to manifest their opposition to the "Order," its tenets and its rituals, by voting for Know Nothings whenever they have had an oped men, they have been obliged to call a Convention and travel all the way to Baltimore to find out for whom they must vote in the present election! there ever such a cheat attempted to be played off upon an enlightened people? But a few short weeks ago Governors Graham and Morehead atterded a large Mass Meeting of the Know Nothings on the Guilford battle-ground, and in company with that immaculate "Whig," Kenneth Rayner, made speeches in favor of John A. Gilmer and against Gov. Bragg. previously to the report of the Committee nominating Fillmore, remarked that he had come there on purpose to nominate him; but omitted to remind the mem. bers of the Convention that he endorsed the action of the real, Simon-pure Whig Convention that refused to nominate him in 1852, by consenting to the recollection of his hearers in his late speech in Baltimore, and did not attempt to explain to the the Presidency whom the Whig party in 1852 discarded and rejected. The truth is, this " Whig" Convention at Baltimore was called with the hope of bright up a sort of enthusiasm in his favor. Its members stay this constantly increasing defection. A Know Nothing Convention, under the name of "Whig," was called in Baltimore, as the last remedy for

Warenton News.

The Senate of the United States at the assembling of the last session of Congress contained nine South Delaware. Of these nine, who are quite as good representatives of Old Line Whiggery, (we imagine) as the members of the Baltimore convention-six are the by visiting upon the heads who have driven her to advocates of James Buchanan. Three only support Fillmore. Two thirds of the Whig members of the United States Senate are for Buchanan; one third against him. We think it not improbable that every Southern Whig Senator, who not having joined the

But in other respects it is a fact full of interest and pregnant with admonition to those who would follow the path of duty. The gentlemen referred to -Pearce, Pratt, Jones, Toombs, Geyer and Benja-

min-possess superior intelligence. Sojourning for months at the seat of the Federal Government whatever could be learned of the principles, tendencies and prospects of the different parties, was within their reach. The life-time opconents of Mr. Buchanan and Democracy, those who know the force of old prejudices, need not to be told weight could have brought them to the support of the Democratic Presidential nominee. Does not, then their course aside from all other arguments, constitute a sustaining Buchanan? When it is added that not on-American party-such men as Shortridge, Know Nothing candidate for Governor of Alabama; Pryor, K. N. candidate for the U. S. Senate, and Perci Walker, Congressman from the same State, Fontaine K. N. candidate for Governor of Mississippi-these and many other Americans, are now fighting with the Democracy, should not the patriotic and reflecting ble that we are wrong in fighting against that party! Savannah Georgian.

A few days since a negro visiting one of our large wholesale houses had his attention attracted by horse shoe nailed over the door. Upon inquiry was told that it was nailed there for the purpose keeping out spirits. He enquired very earnestly there was any spirits about the house, and was told that one was constantly in the cellar. He expressed clerks repaired to the cellar and wrapping himself a sheet, seated himself upon a box. The negro, provided with a good horse-whip, repaired to the cellar to him. He approached it very cautiously and the spirit thinking he was coming too close and fearing detection, shook its head at him. "Don't you shook your head at me you ugly ghost," said nig, and hard as he could lay it on, before the astonished ghost could unwrap himself, and fly. He has since been heard to express himself that he will never play ghost to a negro again. The negro says, "dem fellows better take down hoss shoe."

Memphis News.

MELANCHOLY DEATH OF GEORGE STEERS, TR SHIP BUILDER.—On Thursday afternoon, Mr. Geo Steers, the famous ship and yacht builder, proceeded in a buggy from New York city to Little Neck, L. to bring his family to the city. After proceeding some distance, his horse took fright, when he jump ed out, but was unfortunately struck by the vehicle on the head, prostrated and rendered insensible. physician obtained, but his skill proved of no avail-Mr. S. died at 101 o'clock the same evening. The

" Mr. Steers was, it is well known, the most so cessful ship-builder on this continent. In 1853 th celebrated yacht America, built by him, proceed to England, and there won the prize awarded to the fastest yacht of all nations. Since then the yachi Julia was constructed under his supervision, and every regatia where she entered she carried off the prize. A number f pilot boats and other fast sailing vessels were subsequently built for parties in this

city and elsewhere with great success. But the greatest triumph of Mr. Steers' life has yet to take place. The steamship Adriatic, of the Collins line, constructed by him and launched last summer, is now making preparations for her trial trip. In the construction of the Adriatic Mr. Steers \$71,721,380 expected to obtain the acme of his fame, but the inscrutable ways of Providence forbade him witness ing that great triumph of genius and art. Howevel the Adriatic, his proudest piece of workmanship will serve as a lasting monument to the fame of one who had no equal, either in America or Europe,

> Mr. Steers was about thirty-five years of age. was born in Washington city, but had lived in New

an unbecoming word.

An Imperial Pageant in Russia. From the description of the coronation scene at Moscow, we extract the following graphic pen-picture of the pageantry which accompanied the Empe-

ror's entrance of the city: It would be as difficult to describe this dazzling pageant as it would be to give an accurate account of a grand spectacle at the threatre. In all its component parts it was magnificent and effective. The 19th. wealth of a vast empire was poured out with a profounded on Oriental traditions and modified by Euro- August. pean civilization. Instead of a narrow stage, the scene was laid in the ancient metropolis of the largest empire the world has ever seen; instead of tinsel and mock finery, gold and silver and diamonds flashed in the real sunlight.

The whole breadth of the street was now occupied by a glittering mass of pennons, armor, plumes, steel, and bright colours; the air was filled with the sounds of popular delight, the champing of bits and clinking of weapons, the flourishing of trumpets, and, above all, the loud voices of the bel's Close behind the Circassian escort and the world Bashkirs, comes a squadron of the Division of the Black Sea Cossacks of the Guard, in large flat black sheepskin caps, with red skull pieces, long lances, the shafts painted red, and the pennons of colored blue, white, and red; their jackets of scarlet; their horses small, handsome. and full of spirit. Here may be seen the costum of every age at one view, and all as rich as wealth, old had been released, and sent to San Salvado. Rumor every age at one view, and all as not as wealth, old had reached Aspinwall of a revolt among Walker's Two or three other offices in London have also given can make it. Bashkirs and Bircassians, Tcherkess, troops, and that forty had been shot. Col. Schless-Abassians, in coats of mail and surcoats of fine chain inger had turned up, and was trying to incite disconses.—Boston Transcript. armor, Calmucks, Tartars of Kanzan and the Crimea, tent among Walker's men. Mingrelians, Karapapaks, Daghistanhis, Armenlans, the people of Gouriel and Georgia, the inhabitants of the borders of the Daspian, Kurds, people of Astrakhan, Samoiedes, wild mountaineers from distant ranges to which the speculations of even the "Hert- freebooters under Lane. It is supposed that Lane every genuine friend of freedom must be with the fordshire Incumbent" have never wandered, Chinese from the Siberian frontiers, Mongols, and strange beings like Caliban in court dress. Some of them had their uncovered hair plaited curiously with gold property of residents. coins; others were on their head only a small flat plate of precious metal just over the forehead; others elections of the 6th prox. sheepskin head dresses studded with jewels; old matchlocks that might have rung on the battlefields of Ivan Veliki, battle axes, lances, and scimetars and daggers of every form, were borne by this gaudy throng, whose mode of riding offered every possible variety of the way in which a man can sit on a horse. Some rode without stirrups, loose and graceful as the Greek warriors who live on the friezes of To the Inspectors of Election, Telegraphic Operators, the Parthenon; others sat in a sort of legless arm chair, with their knees drawn up after the manner of satorial equestrians. Every sort of bit, bridle, saddle, and horse-tripping which has been used since of surpassing richness and splendor. This cavalcade of the "peuplades soumises a la

ple take back to their remote tribes! They went by bright, shifting and indistinct as a dream of the Araror, each on a charger fit for a commander in battle. time and satisfy the people. The tremendous cheering of the people and the hurrahs of the soldiers, the doffed hats and the reverences of the crowd, the waving of handkerchiefs and the clash of presenting arms warn us that the "Czar of All the Russias, of the Kingdom of Poland, and of the Grand Duchy of Finland, which are inseparable from them," is at hand, and Alexander Nicolaivitch is before us. His Majesty is tall and well formed, although he does not in stature, or in grandure of and red trowsers, and he guides his charges-a perfect model of symmetry-with ease and gracefulness.

ded in countless multitudes. Never since the frusbeen witnessed such a confusion of tongues and com-

bination of complexion. The promise of sudden and easy wealth, was the main principle of attraction; but the absence of the tributed not a little to swell the volume of immigra- Bigler (Democrat) 167,001; Pollock's majority 37, needy adventurers, gamblers, and harlots constituted the chief element in the first colonization of the 120,576. In 1855 there was a fusion of the oppositerritory. No idea of nationality, no principle of capable of self-government and so unfit for the ex-

ercise of political sovereignty.

Nevertheless, the Military Governor of California, without authority of law, assumes the prerogative of in the pages of history. California had gone through no preliminary pupi-

lage of territorial government. She had no political Congressional representative. Yet, they responded to the summons of their military master, and assembled in convention to organize a State constitution .-This convention was called without legal sanction. organic instrument of State Government.

By this instrument which was void both for want trinsic illegality, the squatters of California interdicted slavery in the territory and excluded the South from equal participation in the common domain.— This was Squatter Sovereignty with a vengeance, aggravated by every circumstance of illegal assumption of authority and oppressive exercise of arbitrary power. The Topeka Convention of Kansas, distinguished by so many similar instances of outrage and petition for the prize of 5.000 rupees, offered in 1849 wrong, affords hardly so striking an illustration of the absurdity and injustice of Squatter Sovereignty. tural and Horticultural Society of India. The socie-Yet Millard Fillmore signed the bill for the admission of California; and by this high official act attested and recorded approbation of the principles of Allien and Squatter Sovereignty.

The Miners' Journal, published at Pottsville, Pa., says: "We are happy to announce to our readers that a Union Electoral ticket will be formed in this State in the course of a short time, which will enable every opponent of the Cincinnati Platform and the high-heeled boots; to the smallest animal of anykind extension of slavery to vote for it without any sacri- of its age, 1 v. Pr. Farmer; to the best original fice of principle on any other question he may now or has heretofore advocated. We give this information to extint the state of the sta tion to satisfy those who are making inquiry on the subject. The ticket will be formed and published in

Mr. Fillmore and thereby indirectly support Fremont The question is for them to deside.—Pennsylvanian chusetts.—Jour. Com.

Later from California.-Arrival of the lilinois. New York, Sept. 27.—The Illinois, with California dates of the 5th, has arrived, bringing \$1,800,000 in treasure. She connected with the Golden Age, which brought down \$2,300,000. The latter passed the Sonora and John L. Stevens, both bound

The Vigilance Committee quietly disbanded, and fuseness almost barbaric, and displayed with a taste threw open their rooms to the public on the 21st of In the democratic primary elections in San Fran-

opponents of the Vigilance Committee. Judge Terry took his seat on the bench of the upreme court on the 16th of August.

The republican convention nominated Ira P. Rankin and Thomas Cox for Congress. Durkee and Raud have been indicted for piracy or taking the State arms from vessels in the harbor. The Indians in some parts of the State have been committing depredations, and a body of troops have it accomplished in a brief space of time.

been despatched to chastise them The San Francisco markets were quiet. Money was plenty. There had been some internal troubles at Penama,

but nothing serious transpired.

Later from Kansas. (Mo.) that Gov. Geary has set forth with a good lips and Garrison are for Buchanan! Now Garrison COLUMBIA, Sept. 26 .- We learn from Westport, (Mo.) that Gov. Geary has set forth with a good force of U. S. Dragoons to arrest marauders and freebooters under Lane. It is supposed that Lane has retired to Nebraska; if within the territory of has retired to Nebraska; if within the territory of has retired to Nebraska; if within the territory of has retired to Nebraska; if within the territory of has retired to Nebraska; if within the territory of has retired to Nebraska; if within the territory of has retired to Nebraska; if within the territory of has retired to Nebraska; if within the territory of has retired to Nebraska; if within the territory of has retired to Nebraska; if within the territory of has retired to Nebraska; has re Kansas he will be arrested, as the Government is de-termined to suppress all disturbers of the peace and his vote for John C. Fremont." Wendell Phillips The Southerners in Kansas are organizing for the

Hon. Lewis C. Levin. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 26.—The Evening Argus states that Lewis C. Levin, formerly a representative

of the First District in Congress, was taken to the Insane Asylum this morning. The Presidential Election.

and Newspaper Editors and Reporters throughout the Union. The public will look for the result of the Fresidenthe public will look for the result of the I residential election on the 5th of November. To enable the newspaper press of the Union to declare the result SETHS. Hance, of 108 Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md.,

horses were subjugated to man, were to be seen newspaper press of the Union to declare the result here. Some of the saddle-cloths and holsters were on the following morning it will be necessary for the inspectors of election throughout the United States to aid the telegraphic operators, to aid the Among those who have been permanently cured, we might Russie" was to strangers the most interesting part of the procession; but it passed too quickly by for the editors and reporters to aid each other. This eye to decompose its ingredients. What stores of the greatness and magnificence of Russia will those peo-

bian Nights. In gilt casques of beautiful form and tial vote only on that night. This plan will enable bian Nights. In gilt casques of beautiful form and workmanship, surmounted by crest eagles of silver or gold, in milk-white coats and gilded cuirasses and or gold. This plan will enable no need of a remedy, perhaps you know some person who is not equally blessed as yourself, if so, cut out this notice, and send it to him or her. It will cost you but little true probably it will make you instrumental in current some poor with naval stores. back-plates, approach the giant of the first squadron hope this plan will be adopted. No other will sucof the Chevaliers Gards of His Majesty the Empe- ceed. It will simplify the labor, make it easier, save ling sickness.

Country and city editors will promote the object in view by publishing this note.

NORFOLK AND PETERSBURG RAIL ROAD.-We are gratified to learn, says the Norfork Herald, that the Company have made a contract with a London house through its agent in Petersburg, Mr. John Dunlap, for 8,500 tons of iron for the road, the first cargo of which is to be delivered in February next. The road being all graded and ready for the rails, person, come near to his father. His Majesty is the work will then be energetically and rapidly prosedressed in the uniform of a general officer, and seems cuted to its completion, which, is confidently believquite simply attired, after all the splendor which has ed, will be accomplished in October, 1857. The ingone past. He wears a burnished casque with a terest of the road has suffered nothing by delaying to long plume of white, orange and cock's feathers, a contract for the iron rails till the grading was all close fliting green tunic, with aiguillettes, and orders, done, as the Company have saved fifty thousand dollars by it in the reduction of the price.

The Largest Mills in the world.—Ine accurate before them.

The damission of California into the Union, furthless the most expense the most memorable instance of the application. The length of the building is one hundred and ninety feet, and its breadth interest of the period of its conquest by American enternise, California was sparsely populated by a mixed was sparsely populat

which there is no parallel in history. To its solitary shores people of every land, race and religion crowis that in Pennsylvania. The officers to be chosen is that in Pennsylvania. The officers to be chosen are a Canal Commissioner, Auditor General, Survey- mons, that he will be a candidate before them for the office tration of man's vain ambition at Babel, had there or General, and members of Congress. The Fremont of Chief Clerk. and Fillmore men have united on State officers and members of Congress, except in one or two of the Philadelphia districts. In 1854 Mr. Pollock, supported by the Whigs and Americans, was elected ordinary legal restraints of a stable society, con- Governor by the following vote: Pollock 201,008, tion. Of course these circumstances determined the 007. At the same election the vote for Supreme character of the early population of California. Fu- Judge, the Whigs and Americans supporting differgitive felons, the desperate victims of misfortune, ent candidates, was as follows; Smyser (Whig) 78,-571, Black (Democrat) 167,010, Laird (American) tion on Canal Commissioner, but it was not complete, patriotism, no unity of race or tongue, existed among and the Democratic candidate was elected. The vote these people. Never were any people so utterly in- then was: Nicholson (Fusion) 149,745, Plummer 4,056, Henderson (Whig) 2,203, Morton (American) 678; Plummer's plurality over Nicholson, 11,536; Myers. convoking a Convention of this heterogenous mass of alliens, criminals and paupers. This first step in would have had 2,717 majority. At the last Presithe organization of the government of Califarnia, dential election Mr. Pierce had a plurality over Genwas as flagrant an act of despotism as any illustrated eral Scott of 19,394, Mr. Hale, the Free Soil candidate, receiving only 8,525 votes. The State has generally (the Harrison and Taylor campaigns being the exceptions) voted for the Democratic candidate existence. Her inhabitants were not an organized for President; and it would certainly be a singular people. They were nothing but equatters. Their fact if, on the first occasion of a citizen of its own numbers had not been ascertained by legal census, having a position at the head of the ticket, it should so as to determine whether they were entitled to a repudiate the party and the man and go for the opposition. The State election takes place October 14th.—Boston Journal.

SELLING MULES PAYABLE WHEN FILLMORE IS Its members were endowed with no political privi- ELECTED PRESIDENT .- A friend informs us that a leges. Nevertheless, they assumed absolute sover | drover, a few days ago, sold a gentleman, a citizen eignty to themselves, claimed complete dominion over the federal territory, ventured upon the exercise of when Fillmore is elected President of the United the supreme act of popular power, promulgated an States. The purchaser was so well pleased that he offered the drover \$500 for an inferior pair on the same terms. The drover refused. He then offered of authority to enact it, and because of its own in- him \$500 a head for every mule he had in his drove, payable on the same terms. By this time the drover thought he smelt a mice, and left .- Federal Union.

AMERICAN COTTON GINS IN INDIA .- In July, 1851, the Eagle Cotton Gin Manufacturing Company of Louisana sent to Calcutta one of their gin stands for making fine cotton, and intending to enter into comby the Government of india, through the Agriculty awarded to the American gin stand a prize of \$1,-250 and a handsome gold medal.

SINGULAR PREMIUMS.—Among the premiums of-fered by the Coles county (III.) Fair, held at Charleston this week, were the following: To the ugliest man in this or adjoining States, to be adjudged by a committee of ladies, \$10 mirror; to the tallest man, \$5 walking stick; to the shottest man, \$5 pair comic definition, I Com. Blackstone.

subject. The ticket will be formed and published in time for the Presidential election,"

APPLES FOR Export.—Owing to the failure of the apple time for the Presidential election,"

LET THE SOUTH LOOK AT IT.—In Pennsylvania the Fillmore party are urged to support a Fremont State Fillmore party are urged to support a Fremont State Ticket in October; a portion will do so another portion will not. In New Jersey two parties profess the greatest hostility to each other, yet they fraternally unite upon a candidate for Governor, Men.bers of Congress, Legislature, &c. What ought the South to do in view of all these important facts? Support Mr. Fillmore and thereby indirectly support Fremont

APPLES FOR Export.—Owing to the failure of the apple crop in Europe, there is a large demand here for exportation, and at least 10,000 barrels of Newton pippins, embracing the best of the crop, will be sent out this fall. One firm here already has contracts for England to the amount of 6,000 barrels of Newton pippins, embracing the best of the crop, will be sent out this fall. One firm here already has contracts for England to the amount of 6,000 barrels of Newton pippins, embracing the best of the amount of 6,000 barrels of Newton pippins, embracing the best of the amount of 6,000 barrels of Newton pippins, embracing the best of the amount of 6,000 barrels of Newton pippins, embracing the best of the amount of 6,000 barrels of Newton pippins, embracing the best of the crop, will be sent out this fall. One firm here already has contracts for England to the amount of 6,000 barrels of Newton pippins, embracing the best of the apple has the preference over all others, though Baldwin's and Russets are exported to some others, though Baldwin's and Russets are exported to some others, though Baldwin's and Russets are exported to some others, though Baldwin's and Russets are exported to some others, though Baldwin's and Russets are exported to some others, though Baldwin's and Russets are exported to some others, though Baldwin's and Russe

AMERICAN PRINTING PRESSES IN LONDON. - Among the passengers in the Cambria was Mr. Wm. Conquest, a gentleman connected with the celebrated establishment of R. M. Hoe & Co, New York. Some three or four months since Mr. Conquest went to London, having in his charge one of "Hoe's Six Cylinder Presses," for the purpose of putting the same in operation in Lloyd's Weekly Newspaper office. The Illinois left Asplnwall on the evening of the

The Journal, in a notice of the return of Mr. Conquest, says that the impression, not on the paper, but on the minds of our brother newspaper people in London, which the operation of the six cylinder press made was most intense, so much so, that hardly had cisco all the successful candidates are known to be the first edition been worked off upon it before the proprietor of Lloyd's Weekly Newspaper had written an order to Messrs. Hoe & Co., " for another press of the same sort."

Nearly every newspaper proprietor in London, as well as hosts of other persons interested in the print-ing business, visited Lloyd's office, for the purpose of seeing the "Yankee machine" work, and all expressed their astonishment at the amount of work which

The London Times is now printed on a press which works off eleven thousand impressions per hour, requiring twenty-seven men to tend it. The proprietors of that paper, upon examining Hoe's six cylinder at Lloyd's, and being eye witnesses to its work-Advices from Nicaragua of the 30th state that ing at the rate of fifteen thousand impressions per General Walker remained quiet. Leon had been hour, with but seven or eight men (including the abandoned by the invading army. Dr. Livingston engineer and fireman) to tend it, wrote their order to Messrs. Hee & Co., for one ten cylinder press .their orders to Messrs. Hoe & Co., for printing pres-

> Bennett, who since he joined the black republisays, "there is merit in the republican party; it is fish. this : it is the first sectional party ever organized in this country." Garrison also says, "We are for disunion, as the great and first duty to be performed." There are the black bretheren of the nigger-worshipping Scotchman, and he can't get away from them, any more than Chang can escape from Eng.

BENEVOLENCE. We do not think a person can evince a more benevolent trait of character than being moved at the distress and suffering of others, and furthermore, anxious to do all in their power to alleviate by every possible means human suffering. In this view of the case, we do not know how the humane and benevolent can do an action more in accordance with has discovered a preparation, which is put up in the form of a pill, that has a specific action for curing Epilepsy, or fal-Let the inspectors everywhere count the first vote.

Let the telegraphic operators transmit the Presidenject under consideration is one of vital importance to every probably it will make you instrumental in curing some poor, afflicted martal of that dreadful visitation, Epilepsy, or fal-Dr. Hance sends his pills by mail, free of postage, to all

parts of the world, on the receipts of a remittance. His prices are; one box, \$3; two, \$5; twelve, \$24. We have given Sept. 30 .-- 1w DR. M'LANE'S CELEBRATED LIVER PILLS.

Are fast superceding all other remedies for liver com-plaint, sick headache, dyspepsia, &c. Below we give the certificate of a lady residing in our city. In such certificates the public must have confidence.

New York, August 30, 1852.

I do hereby certify that I have been afflicted with Liver Complaint for a long time, and never found permanent relief

method of informing the members elect to the House of Com-

Aug. 30, 1856.-304-3t-1-6t WE notice that Gentlemens' Shawls, "Railway Rugs," &c., are in great demand the present season. There are three large Manufactories East, engaged exclusively in getting up these goods. The direct importations will reach four times the quantity of European Goods throughout last year. Being in New York early in July, Scott & BALDWIN were enabled to select from the first in market imported or otherwise-so that they now have a stock far more exten- Lutterloh & Elliott. sive, and decidedly more attractive, than any house in the

For Gentlemen's wear, exclusively, there is but one place to get fashionable and reliable goods. Need we say the "City Clothing Store," 38 Market Street, is the place .-(Democrat) 161,231, Williamson (Independent Republican) 7,226, Cleaver (Independent American)

Don't forget the place.

Two doors above, the new Hat, Cap and Umbrella Store, recently opened by Shepard &

LANDED THIS DAY, DIRECT FROM THE

Manufacturer :-50 assorted sizes, steel frame, Sole Leather Trunks.
40 do. do. Ladies' do.
25 do. do. do. Hat Cases.
80 Leather Valisses. 100 Packing Trunks -- all of which will be sold at 10

and 15 per cent less than other houses here can afford to sell. This advantage we derive from being the exclusive agents for the Factory.
SCOTT & BALDWIN, 38 Market sreet.
18-2t-5-2t Sept. 26, 1856.

FOR SALE OR RENT. THE SUBSCRIBER, OFFERS FOR SALE OR rent, his TURPENTINE LANDS in McIntosh county, Georgia, on the Alatamaha river, 18 miles above Darien, containing 16,400 acres. There are now on the land 17 erops of boxes, of which 10 were cut last Spring, and the crops of boxes, of which 10 were cut last Spring, and the balance are 3 and 4 years old. There is also a large quantity of mill, or merchantable, Timber within easy reach of the river. The Turpentine business here may be increased to any extent, that one might desire. There are now on the premises, one new 30 bbl. STILL, TEAMS, WAGONS, and FLAT, which will be sold with the land, if desired.

Wishing to change my business, I will sell or lease said lands, or any portion of them. at a great bargain. In lensing I will give the privilege of cutting more boxes.

ng I will give the privilege of cutting more boxes. For further particulars, apply to the Subscriber at Darien. P. M. BRYAN

FOR SALE. THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE A HOUSE AND LOT, in the town of Kenansville, Duplin county. The improvements consist of a dwelling and necessary out houses. The Lot contains two and a half acres. The location is a desirable one, being adjacent to both the Male and Female Seminaries. For particulars ending the most important of his State papers—with an quire of the subscriber on the premises.
Oct. 3, '56. [5-3m] J. P. DAHMER.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION WILL be made to the Wilmington & Weldon Rail Read Co., for renewal of Certificate for 5 shares of stock, in the name of Cullen Powell, deceased, believed to have been lost. T. O. POWELL, Adm'r.

Sept. 30th, 1856 TO OUR FRIENDS AND PATRONS.

OUR FALL STOCK OF GROCERIES IS NOW complete. Consisting in part as follows:
Sugars,—Crushed, Coffee Crushed and Yellow.
Coffees,—Rio, Laguyra and Java.
Mackerel, bbls. and half bbls. No. 1 and 2.

Way In

Sept. 18th, 1856.

MARRIED.

In Duplin county on the 21st inst., by Blaney Williams, sq., Mr. RABON EZZELL, to Miss SARAH ANN In Sampson county, on the 30th of September, LOUIS WHITFIELD, Esq., of Wayne county, to Miss M. LOUISA FAISON, daughter of Thomas I. Faison, Esq., of Sampson county.

At his residence in this county on the 22nd inst., Mr. JOSEPH NEWKIRK, in the 66th year of his age. Mr. Newkirk was much respected by all who knew him, and much beloved by all his neighbors who will long cherish him in annumbers of the his respected. much beloved by all his neighbors who will long cherish him in rememberance for his many kind acts and generous deeds. In Brooklyn, N. Y., on the 24th inst., WILLIAM HARRISON, eldest child of Joseph R. and Emerette B. Blossom, aged 8 years, 3 month and 27 days.

In this town, on the morning of the 30th ult., JOHN A., infant son of L. A. and C. F. Turner, aged 6 months and 10 days.

this county, on the 31st August, Mr. WM. T. BOR-In this county, on the 31st August, Mr. WM. T. BOK-DEAUX, aged about 30 years. He was modest, gentle, kind and unobtrusive; a consistent member of the Methodist kind and unobtrusive; a consistent member of the Accordance Church, and has, we hope, gone to his home in Heaven.

Com.

### Marine Intelligence.

PORT OF WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA. ARRIVED. Sept. 25—Schr. Ellen Randall, Justice, from Little River, o D. A. Lamont; with naval stores. Schr. Connecticut, Leary, from New York, to T. C. Worth;

Schr. David Faust, Moslander, from Philadelphia, to T. Worth; with mdze. Schr. Vermont, Pierce, from New York, to Kidder & Martin; with salt Schr. R. W. Brown, Derrickson, from New York, to A. ). Cazaux ; with mdze. Schr. Aurelia P. Howe, Tilby, from New York, to George Harriss; with salt. Schr. Marine, Powell, from New York, to George Harriss; with mdze. Schr. Mary & Louisa, Norten, trom Philadelphia, to Geo.

Curtis : with corn and fish. Schr. Emblem, Davis, from Oak Island, to Master : with Schr. Washington, Murphy, from Bear Inlet, to D. Pigott;

26-U. S. M. Steamer Spray, 11100,

A. H. VanBokkelen.

Sept. 26-Brig Albert Adams, Jones, from New York, to Adams, Bro. & Co.; with salt.

Schr. Devil Bug, John, from Smithville, to Willard & Liquors, \$\mathbf{g}\$ gall (domes Whiskey .... 38 @ N. E. Rum... 50 @ 26-U. S. M. Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to 27-U. S. M. Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville, to A. H. VanBokkelen.

Sept. 27—Brig Morning Light, Huff, from Providence, R., to Kidder & Martin. 28-Schr. Col. John McRae, Marshall, from Boston, to H. Chadbourn & Co.; with mdze. Schr. Albert Mason, Smith, from New York, to J. H lanner; with mdze. Schr. Odd Fellow, McKethan, from Shallotte, to Willard Curtis; with fish Steamer Flora McDonald, Hurt, from Fayetteville, to T 29-U. S. M. Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville.

Brig Howard, Race, from New York, to J. R. Blosson Brig Rio Grande, McCobb, from Boston, to Kidder Brig Maria T. Wilder, Cunningham, from Bath, Me., H. Chadbourn & Co.; with hay.
Sept. 29—Schr. Senora Isabel, Pigott, from Shallotte, to D. Pigott; with naval stores.
Schr. J. C. Manson, Rabon, from Shallotte, to D. Pigott; Schr. Worth, O'Neal, from Philadelphia, to T. C. Worth;

Schr. Helene, Stutes, from New York, to G. W. Davis. Steamer Magnolia, Stedman, from Fayetteville, to Lutter-Sept. 30—Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Jones, from Fayette-ville, to Lutterloh & Elliott. Oct. 1-U. S. M. Steamer Spray, Price, from Smithville to A. H. Van Bokkelen.
Oct. 2—Schr. Jos. Lawrence, Baldwin, for Baltimore, by J. & D. McRae & Co.; with lumber.
Sehr. Standard, Derrickson, for New York, by T. C. Worth; with naval stores.
CLEARED.

Sept. 25.--U. S. M Steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville by A. H. VanBokkelen. until I used Dr. M'Lane's Liver Pills. By their use I have been completely cured of that dreadful disease, and now take pleasure in recommending them to all who are troubled with liver complaint, sick headache, or dyspepsia.

MARY HILL, Fifth avenue.

Synt. A. H. Vallowkeel.

26-Schr. Emily, Cheesebro, for New York, by J. H. Flanner; with naval stores, &c.

Schr. Sea Bird, Lynch, for New York, by A. D. Cazaux; with naval stores.

Schr. A. J. DeRosset, Cooper, for New York, by A. D. 26--Schr. Emily, Cheesebro, for New York, by J. H. Flanwith naval stores.
Schr. A. J. DeRosset, Cooper, for New York, by A. D. MARY HILL, Fifth avenue.

Purchasers will be careful to ask for Dr. M'Lane's
Celebrated Liver Pills, manufactured by Fleming
Bros. of Pittsburgh, Pa. There are other Pills purporting to be Liver Pills, now before the public. Dr. M'Lane's

Schr. A. J. DeKosset, Ceoper, for New York, by A. D. Cazaux; with navel stores.

Sept. 26.—U. S. M. Steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A. H. VanBokkelen.

27—Schr. Pathfinder, Robbins, for New York, by J. M.

Dutch Galliot Coronie, Cramer, for Rotterdam, by Russell & Bro.; with naval stores-Sept. 3.—Schr. Sam Bolton, Allen, for New York, by T. . Worth; with naval stores. Schr. W. B. Jenkins, Vanderbilt, for New York, by Willard & Curtis; with naval stores. U. S. M. Steamer Spray, Price, for Smithville, by A. H. Oct. 1—Schr. F. Nickerson, Gooding, for New York, by H. Flanner; with naval stores.
Schr. Wide World, Dickinson, for New York, by A. D. Cazaux; with naval stores.
Schr. L. P. Smith, Turner, for New York, by A. D. Cazaux; with naval stores.
Steamer Fanny Lutterloh, Jones, for Fayetteville, by

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. THE SUBSCRIBER, having qualified as Executor to the last Will and Testament of Bryant Wooten, at September Term, of 1856, of the County Court of New Hanover, hereby notifies all persons, indebted to the Estate to come forward and make immediate payment of the same; and all persons having claims against the said Estate are requestpersons having chains against the said Estate are requested to present them within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

AMOS WOOTEN, Ex'tcr.

Oct. 3, 1856.

5-2w\*

DER SCHR. L. P. SMITH, from New York: 50 Boxes No I. Cheese, 2 Bbls No I. Mackerel.

4 Half bbls do. 3 Bbls No. 2. 4½ "do. do. 25 Boxes Candles assorted, 30 doz. painted Buckets, 16 doz. pickles assorted.

25 Matts Java Coffee, 50 boxes Colgate's No I. and Pale Soaps. Low for eash, at GEO. H. KELLEY & BRO'S. No. II North Water Street. October 3.

Oct. 3d, 1856

Washington (N. C.) Times, copy till first December '56, and forward bill to this office immediately.

5-tld
this market. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and the public generally.

H. VONGLAHN.

SALT.

SOO SACKS, for sale by Oct. 1[d&w3m] JOHN C. HEYER. SOUTHERN HARMONY.

25 DOZ. Southern Harmony, just received. Also, a supply of Saered Harp, Dulcimer, Harp of the South, Presbyteriam Psalmodist, Cytharas, Oharom, and other popular singing books. For sale at Oct. 2. S. W. WHITAKER'S.

PORK AND BACON.

25 BBLS. N. Y. MESS PORK;
10 Hhds. Western Sides;
3,000 N. C. Hams. For sale by

WILMINGTON WHOBESALE PRICES CURRENT. 1t should be understood that our quotations generally represent the wholesale prices. In filling small orders, high er rates have to be paid. BEESWAX, \$ 15..23 @ 25 BRICKS, \$ M.6 00 @12 00 Hard..... 1 40 Tar, 26bbl. 0 00 do., in order0 00 Pitch..do... 0 00 Tallow.....16
Adamantine. 28
Sperm.....35 CANDLES, # D. Sp'ts Turp, Varnish, Vgal, 26 St Domingo...101 @ COTTON, # 15...111 @ Oils, % gallon. Sperm.....2 00 Linseed, rawl 15

₩ bush ..... 00 Sheeting, #yd.8 @ Yarn, # 15.... 17 @ Eggs, #doz....16 @ Whale .... 95 Sweet, Wbush 871 @ 1 EMPTY BARRELS, each,
Spts. Turp..1 75 @ 2 00
FEATHERS, \$ 10.40 @ 45 do. 29 bbl..3 00 Provisions, & b. N. C. Bacon, ISH, ₩ bbl , Mullets ... 5 00 @ 6 50 Mac're!, No. 1 00@00 90 do. No. 2 00@00 00 do. No. 3. 5 50@ 6 50 Hams.....15 @ Middlings..13 @ Shoulders . . 121 @ Hog round. 13 @ do. No.4 0 00@ 0 00 Western Bacon, Middlings . . 12 C. Lard ... 15 West'n do... 15 Butter ......24 Pork, Mess, 79 bbl...22 50 @23 00 FRAIN, # bush. Corn ......00 @ 67 Oats ......00 @ 35 White Beansl 75 @ 2 00 do. Prime 00 00 @00 00 Beef, Mess.14 00 @16 00 do. Fulton Market. 00 00 @00 00 Pease, Cow. 90 @ 1 00 Rice, rough.0 00 @ 0 00 Chickens, live. 15 @ 25 do., clean, do. dead 00 @ 00 Turkeys, live 75 @ 100 do. dead, 1500 @ 00 IAY, \$ 100 fbs. Eastern... 00 @ 1 00 N. River... 00 @ 70 Alum & bush..00 @ N.Carolina.0 00 @ Liverpool & sack, ground 1 00 @ 1 do. fine. 0 00 @ 2

IRON, # 1b. English, ass'd..41 @ American, ref. 53 @ do. sheer...0 @ do. hoop...0 @ Swede.....51 @ Porto Rico... 91 @ New Orleans.. 0 @ Muscovado ... 71 @ Loaf & crush 131 @ Clarified and Granulated.11 @ SOAP, # D..... 5 SHINGLES, # M. Gin.....50 Contract ... 4 50 @ 5 50 Brandy .....50 do. Apple..50 @ 55 do. Peach ..75 @ 85 Lumber, # M., (River.) Floor.B'ds..0 00 @10 00 Common . . 1 75 @ 2 25 STAVES, \$\text{\text{M}}\text{M}\text{.} W. O. Bbl 12 00 @16 00 1 75 @

R.O. Hhd.00 00 @00 00

Wide do. 6 50 @ 7 00 Seantling. 0 00 @ 4 50 Ash Head'g00 00 @00 00 TIMBER, % M Shipping.. 0 00 @00 00 Mill, prime 7 00 @ 8 50 Molasses, per gallon Cuba......40 @ do. inferior to Note. River Lumber, Tar, and Turpentine, sold in the water are subject to the expense of landing, inspection, cooperage, &c.;—say on lumber 80 cents to \$1 per M.; Tar and Turpentine about 10@15 cents per bbl.—and on naval stores, when brought per railroad, about the same expenses are incurred——\*For Virgin or mixed Turpentine a deduction

of one-fifth or more is made on the price of yellow dip, ac-Wilmington Bank Rates of Exchange. Baltimore...l pr ct. prem. Philadelphia l pr ct. prem. New York,..l " " Virginia.... 1 " " Charleston,... " " FREIGHTS:

TO NEW YORK. | Color | Colo Cotton goods and yarns, per foot, .... O PHILADELPHIA.
Rosin, and Tar, per barrel,......30 a Turpentine, Rosin, and Tar, per barrel, ...40 a Spirits Turpentine, ...40 a Spirits Tu

Monday 102 2 80 2 80 1 Tuesday 1,250 2 50 2 50 Thursday. 150. 2 50. 2 50. 1 50

Spirits Turpentine---Advanced ½ cent over previous quotation on Friday last, with sales at 385 cents per gallon-and the market since has ruled quiet. The transactions

The price declined a shade on yesterday, and sales made as above; market dull this morning, and no sales. Rosin--- The transactions in Common have been very

\$1 I5 per bbl. of 310 lbs., as there is very little demand from dealers. Sales as follows:

Bbls.

Medium Size.

Large.

Wednesday. 1,500.

\$1 15.

Nothing done in No. 2; nominal at \$1 25 a \$150.

Nothing done in No. 2; nominal at \$1 25 a \$150.

Tar.— Is in fair demand from shippers, and continues to be brought in very slowly. The market is firm at former quotation, at which parcels are quickly taken. The sales reach only 185 bbls. at \$1 50 per bbl.

Coffee—There is a moderate stock in store of nearly all descriptions, and the market rules dull. Sales only in the small way at prices ranging within anotation. descriptions, and the market rules dull. Sales only in the small way at prices ranging within quotations, as in quali-

small way at prices ranging within quotations, as in quality. See table.

Cotton—Since our review of Thursday last the market has ruled firm, and the favorable foreign advices received has caused prices to improve a shade. We note only about 110 bales as received for the week, and changed hands at 112 to 121 cents per lb. for middling to good middling—last sale being at highest figure. There is at present a fair demand from buyers and market firm with a decided upward tendency in prices.

Corn Meal—Is in moderate demand, and sells from store at 80 cents per bushel, in quantities to suit.

EMPTY BARRELS—We have no change to notice in Spirits Tu pentine barrels. The market remains poorly supplied,

October 2.

DISSOLUTION.
THE CO-PARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name of HEYER & VONGLAHN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled under the name of HEYER & VONGLAHN, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled under the name of HEYER & VONGLAHN, is the day dissolved by mutual consent. The business of the late firm will be settled under the name of HEYER & VONGLAHN.

All persons indebted to them are requested to make payment immediately; and those having claims against the said firm will present the same for settlement. J. C. HEYER.

Wilmington, Sept. 30, 1856

THE UNDERSIGNED, of the late firm of Heyer & Von Glahn, will continue the GROCERY BUSINESS at the old stand on North Water Street, where he will keep a general assortment of goods in the Grocery line, suitable for this market. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and the public generally.

Wilmington, Sept. 30, 1856

H. VONGLAHN.

Wilmington, Sept. 30, 1856

WE HAUSE BUCHANAN.

Wilmington of the late firm of Heyer & Von Glahn, will continue the GROCERY BUSINESS at the old stand on North Water Street, where he will keep a general assortment of goods in the Grocery line, suitable for this market. He respectfully solicits the patronage of his old customers and the public generally.

WE have a few copies left of Horton's admirable work, the life and public services of James Buchanan, late the life and public services of James Buchanan, late the life and public services of James Buchanan, late the life and public services of James Buchanan, late the life and public services of James Buchanan, late the life and public services of James Buchanan, late the life and public services of James Buchanan, late the life and public services of James Buchanan, late the life and public services of James Buchanan, late the life and public services of James Buchanan, late the life and public services of James Buchanan, late the l be considered as merely nominal.

Hay—There has been rather a better feeling in the mar-

ket for this article during the past week, and all received has changed hands at former figures; fair supply in dealers hands. Received for the week about 360 bales Northern and Eastern; the former of which sold at 70 cents, and the Lime-Continues to be in fair demand, and the stock in dealers hands is very small. A cargo of 1,250 casks was received on Friday last, and changed hads on terms not made public. Retails from store at \$1 35 a \$1 45 per cask, as in countity.

quantity.

Molasses—Little or no demand, and stock of Cuba sufficient for present purposes. Sells from wharf at 40 cents for sour, and 45 cents for sweet, in hhds.; and from store at 48

Will Alexander of the store and Mackerel. Many other art mentioned.

Sept. 30th

Warket Street,

Will Alexander of the store at 48 WILLARD & CURTIS. | a 51 cents per gallon, in bbls.

POTATORS—Irish are in moderate demand, and arrives sparingly. Small sales at \$3 a \$3 25 per bbl., as in quality. Sueet are brought in quite freely, and sell from carts and boats at \$72 a \$1 per bushel.

PROVISIONS—N. C. cured Bacon remains about the same. Provisions—N. C. cured Bacon remains about the same. No receipts of consequence, but there is a fair stock on market, and we hear of no transactions during the week except in the retail way. In the absence of sales our quotations are merely nominal. See table. The market for WESTERN cured alse rules very dull, and we note a fair supply in first hands. Small sales from store during the week at 10 a 11 SALT-The market is better supplied with both Liverpool and Alum, and at present is rather dull. We note the receipts coastwise during the week of some 5,000 sacks Liverpool ground, 1500 of which sold in lots to suit at \$1 10, 300 do. at \$1 05, 90 days, 2,000 do. at \$1 a \$1 02\frac{1}{2} per sack, 60 days, and the balance has gone into store—market closing at lowest figures. We quote from store at \$1 15 a \$1 20.

Also received coastwise 2,500 bushels Alum, 1,000 do. of which sold from vessel at 35 cents per bushel, 90 days;—the balance has been stored, and is held at 40 cents. TIMBER-No change. The receipts since our last have been quite small, and we note sales of only a few rafts at

prices ranging within quotations. See table.

FREIGHTR—Owing to the large number of vessels that have arrived within the past week, and the small quantity of produce brought in, rates coastwise have declined a shade, and the market rules dull at the decline. See table for the last figures paid. COMPARATIVE TABLE OF EXPORTS From the port of Wilmington, N. C., compiled from the reports of the Daily Journal, for the third quarter of 1856-compared with the third quarter of 1855, ending 30th September of each year:

Coastwise | Foreign. Coastwise | Foreign ARTICLES Spts. Turp. bbls. Do 5 gal. cans.. Crude Turp bbls. 33,569 3,295 14,132 120,773 2,081 144,048 Rosin .... do Tar.....do 1.060 410 Pitch ......do. Timber, P. P., ft. Lumber..do..do 836 173,657 348,000 839,864 Shingles ..... 252,602 1,872,800 655,000 Staves .... 17,150 ............ ....... Ground Peas, or Pea-nuts, bu... Flour ..... bbls. 30 1.727 ..... 912 426 136 .... ...... 626 ..... Do. Sheeting.do. Yarn....do. Waste...do. ...... Do. Warp...do. Paper, news, b'dls Rice, rough, bu ...... . . . . . . . . . 1.047 ..... 13 81 Do. clean, casks Wool, bales.... Wheat, bushels. MISCELLANEOUS-COASTWISE.

Flaxseed, 106 bushels...... | Rags, 56 bales. leeds, 13 bundles ...... Pork, 6 bbl s..... Old Copper, 5 boxs., 1 bbl.... Feathers, S1 bags..... Domestics, 6 bales..... FOREIGN. Corn, 59 bushels..... | Peas, 13 bushels.....

Laths, 30,000..... Spars, 5..... EXPORTS From the Port of Wilmington, for the Week ending September 30, 1856. Coastwise. 2.225.11,325..... 1,400 2,964.... Pitch, .....do ... Tar,.....do......do..... Timber, Lumber, feet 22,253.... Shingles.
Pea Nuts, bushels.
Cotten, bales.

cords juniper wood; 2 boxes tobacco; 2 bags feathers; 116 bbls., 13 bags, 220 boxes and 1 hhd. dried fruit; 68 bundles

.....

closes steady, and shows no change under the Baltic's advi-ces. Sales of the day 1,000 bales. In flour an advance has ces. Sales of the day 1,000 bales. In flour an advance has been realised, which changes our quotations to: Ohio \$670 a 690, Southern \$710 a 745. We have also to change our figures for Wheat to meet improved rates, as follows: Red \$15f, White \$170. In Corn the improvement gives Mixed 63\(\frac{1}{2}\). In Naval Stores no special change is noted—Spirits being dull, and Rosin steady at former rates.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 30.—Flour—sales of Howard street and Ohio brands at \$675; City Mills \$650. Wheat has slightly advanced and is unsettled. Corn—white 58 to 60 cts.; yellow 62 to 64 cts.

cts.; yellow 62 to 64 cts. cts.; yellow 62 to 64 cts.

FAYETTEVILLE, Sept. 29.—Bacon 15@00 cts. Beeswax 24@00. Coffee—Rio, 13@14; Laguira, 14@15; St. Domingo, 00@00. Cotton—Fair to good, 11@114; ord. to mid., 9½@10 Feathers, 35@40. Flour—Family, \$7 00@7 25; Superfine, \$6 50@\$6 75; Fine, \$6 25@0 00; Scratched, \$5 75. Grain—Corn, 90@92½; Wheat, \$1 10@1 20; Oats, 45@00; Peas, 65a 70; kye, 90@00. Hides—Dry, 10@00; Green, 4@5. Lard, 16@17. Salt—Liverpool, (Sack) \$1 50@\$1 60.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 17 .-- Richardson, Spencer & Co... quote: Cotton....The market closes quiet, but prices are steady. Middling Orleans 6½; middling Mobile 6½; middling Upland 6½. Sales during the three days 17,000 bales, including 2,500 bales on speculation and 3,000 bales for expectation. port.

The Manchester markets exhibit no quotable change,

The Manchester markets exhibit no quotable change, with an average business done.

Provisions....The market is quiet and prices steady, and generally unchanged. Lard...The feeling is quiet. Tallow...Y. C. has declined Is; fine North American 52 a 53s.

Produce...Rosin...Common had declined 2d; sales at 4s.
4d. Turpentine...Spirits generally unchanged. Holders offer freely but show no description to press sales, at 33s.

Linseed oil is in improved demand at 40 a 41s. per ton....

white 33s.

The money market is slightly more stringent Consols for money, closed on Tuesday at 93½ a 93½. After the official close of the Board they closed at an advance of ½.

J. M. ROBINSON & SON AVE now in store the following viz:

Iron Hollow Ware and Sash Weights
Hoop Iron of the best quality.
Nails. Brads, and Spikes.
Iron Axels, Hubs and Spokes.
Timber and other Axes, all warranted.
Cast Steel Grubbing Hoes, Spades and Shovels.
Rice Sinkles and Bramble Scythes.

Rice Sickles and Bramble Scythes. Preserving Kettles, Sauce Pans, &c.
Mill, Circular, Cross Cut, and other Saws.
Corn Shellers, Straw Cutters, and Fan Mills.
Barn Door and Smoke-House Locks, extra good.
Pad Locks that can't be matched.
Brass and Iron Wire cloth.
Wood Saws and Axes with handles in them.
Cotton Cord Lines and Cetton Trains.

Cotton Cord, Linen and Cotton Twine.
Best quality of Scissors and Needles.
Roger's & Son's, Wostenholmes, and some more
the real Barlow Knives.
Sept. 16, 1856. NORTH CAROLINA CASSIMERES. 200 PIECES OF THE JUSTLY CELEBRATED North Carolina Cassimeres, manufactured expressly for this market. Sold at Factory prices, by Sept. 8th HEDRICK & RYAN.

NOTICE. ALL ACCOUNTS remaining on the Books of the late firm of Jones & Foyles, on the first day of October next, will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

If you don't want to pay cost you had better settle

2500 BUSHELS ALLT, now landing.—
1500 sacks, Liverpool Salt landing from Schr.
Ned. For sale by J. & J. L. HATHAWAY & CO.
Sept 27, 1856.

THE subscriber has made arrangements to accommodate all NEGROES consigned to him. Building known as the OLD COUNTY JAIL, situated upon the corner of Second and Princes street.

A wall will be built around the whole lot, thus securing

the NEGROES without close connement.

Liberal cash advances made when required. Sept. 18, '56. 11-tf-3-tf. Broker and Auctioneer

UST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE,

Fine lot of Shoes and Boots;
Dry Goods;
Family Groceries;
20 bbls. Sugar, different kinds;
25 bags Coffee;
20 boxes Cheese;
5 firkins best Butter;
Pickels; Spices of different kinds; Baskets; Brooms;
Pails; Matcnes and Mackerel. Many other articles not mentioned.

Pails; Matcnes and Mackerel. Many other articles not THOS. C. CRAFT,
Market Street, No. 48.

A ceived and for sale at S. W. WHITAKER'S.

WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY, SEPT. 28, 1856. Mr. Osborne's Letter.

We lay before our readers the expected letter from James W. Osborne, Esq., of Charlotte, in reply to the Committee of the late Wadesborough meeting. The correspondence speaks for itself, and will convince even the Fayetteville Observer, that the Journal was not misinformed in regard to Mr. O.'s position or an- of Whigs, as National and Southern men, in the apticipated course. We have also on file, a letter from A. C. Williamson, Esq., of Charlotte, formerly editor of the Charlotte Whig, who, like Mr. Osborne, is going for James Buchanan.

The few persons, who, after having unsuccessfully electioneered for the Know Nothing candidate for Governor, went to Baltimore, and undertook to speak are all mutually interested. for the old line Whigs [who had not committed themselves to any party, must begin to feel cheap by this time, and this is not the end of the movement by a great deal. This arrogant attempt of a few selfappointed delegates of the late Mr. Gilmer, to carry over the old line Whigs of the State, just as they might choose, will have its results, but not the results that the eloquent Baltimore orators anticipated. Messrs. J. White, and others: Mr. Graham and others tried their best in August. Did they think they could issue their edicts with of entire inaction in the present political canvass, more weight from Baltimore, or derive power from from which I hoped that no circumstances would their association with Hiram Ketchum and such make it my duty to depart. But, I have received

Superintendent of the W. and M. Railroad. We understand that the Directory of the Wilming- make to yourselves will suffice for all others ton and Manchester Railroad Company have tendered Mr. Jas. P. Robertson the office of Superintendent of the above road, lately vacated by L. J. Fleming, Esq., and that Mr. R. has accepted the appoint-

a good officer, and we think the Directors have been against the slave States, and by force of numbers fortuneate in procuring his servaces. We agree fully with the Herald in regarding the of their equal rights to the common property, to appoitment, as a good one.

One of the main objects of the Black Republican and Know Nothing fusion in Pennsylvania is to infuse confidence into the enemies of Democracy and mistaken piety, ambition, hypocrisy and fraud, and discourage its friends. If the coalition can aided and stimulated by foreign and domestic capisucceed in carrying the State election, we will hear tal, are actively engaged to accomplish our ruin .a grand cry from the Fillmore orators and presses of Eminent statesmen from all the great political parties the South over the ruinous and disgraceful victory a common enmity to the South. In the mean time, which their Northern friends have assisted the Black | elections have taken place in three of the non-slave-Republicans to achieve, and the people of the South holding States, two of them heretofore distinguished will be gravely advised to desert Mr. Buchanan and not only by tolerance but liberality fowards the South. go for Mr. Fillmore, whose friends act in concert triumphed but have swept away all show of oppo with those of Mr. Fremont. We have it upon pretty sition. The danger, therefore, is imminent, that Mr. go for Mr. Fillmore, whose friends act in concert good authority that there is a hitch in the prospec- Fremont will carry every free State, and will come tive coalition upon the electoral ticket in that State, to the Presidency by the votes of the free States tive coalition upon the electoral ticket in that State, given explicity in hostility to the institutions of the a few of the Fillmore electors being troubled with a South. If an enemy were invading our country, and conscience. The Black Republicans are to hold a threatening desolation upon our fields and homes, convention on the 8th of October, to decide about an this sensible danger would give harmony to our electoral ticket, and the report is that six of the feelings, moderation and prudence to our counsels. electors on the Fillmore ticket, after having been and unity to our efforts, until the foe was repelled electors on the Fillmore ticket, after having been duly sounded, refuse to agree to go for Fremont on only in part. The invasion of a foreign foe might any conditions or under any circumstances. What bring with it severer disasters, but it would be temwill be done in this state of the case remains to be porary, and our country and its institutions, we might gal. seen. Whether the thing will fall through, the vote be divided, or these untractable men struck from the government—break up the Union of the States, and pursued in reference to Levin and the others who war. In this state of things I confess I have no symminister to Washington has resigned. refuse to support the fusion or Abolition State ticket. pathy with the party bickerings, the crimination and ITALY.—The Vienna papers state that the western The whole affair is in "a muddle," but will show which distracts our Southern society. The sole itself shortly in its true colors. As things now stand all the odds and ends of opposition are united in the evil to be obviated? In its consideration I have en-

We leave the Southern people to judge in the his personal character I entertain the highest respect matter. It is hardly worth while for us to keep dining and talking. The thing speaks for itself partial administration, but, the Union of the South and none can fail to listen to its monitions but those I believe absolutely indispensible to the defeat of

tice that the Baltimore American of yesterday copies,

The North Carolina State Fair is to be held ing things as we find them, the prepossessions of a at Raleigh on the 14th, 15th, 16th and 17th of Octo- large majority of the southern people are Democratic, tant, chiefly concerning the coronation ceremonies ber. Considerable preparations have been made for and nineteen-twentieths of those in the South who and the amnesties granted on the occasion. its accommodation, and it is expected to exceed in in- lowing resolution of the Democratic platform: terest all previous exhibitions. We are indebted to the Executive Committee, through its Secretary, Mr. Patridge, for tickets and an invitation to attend, of which we would gladly avail ourselves did not other engagements prevent us.

The Greensboro', N. C., Patriot, says that there was a heavy frost at that place on Wednesday and full week or ten days earlier than usual.

Senator Hamilton Fish, one of the "Fillmore Whigs " of New York, has gone over to the Black This is, I conceive, the great question-distinctly the 14th of June. Business was favorable, and the Republicans. The New York Courier and Enquirer presented, in the present canvass; and in comparison mines productive. publishes a long letter giving his reasons.

35- It is rumoured that Senator Douglass is shortly to be married to a lady of Washington City.

The Herald is doubtful whether the Journal stated that the Philadelphia News, Fillmore paper, its doubts by saying that the Journal did not state principle-when it is jeopardized by a combinationso. We stated that the News urged the friends of appealing to sectional passions and sectional pow-Mr. Fillmore to support the fusion Abolition State ficulty—and resume hereafter their party relations ticket, and denounced as traitors all who would not and their preferences? As I before remarked-

Burning of Steamer Ningara-One Hundred Lives

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 25th.-The steamer Nigara was burnt last evening near Fort Washington, Lak Michigan. There were one hundred lives lost .-Hon. John B. Macy is supposed to be amongst the lost. Capt. Miller was saved. We have not been able to gather particulars yet. MILWAUKEE, Sept. 25 .- The Niagara took fire

to the water's edge and then sunk. The steamer Traveler went to her assistance.

The Niagara had a very heavy freight, all of the propeller Illinois. Several sail vessels picked up many passengers.

From Washington City.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25th .- The Republicans of Wheeling and neighborhood contemplate a mass meeting there in a few days, and have written to nied but that Mr. Buchanan has a prospect of carrytheir friends here to send them speakers. Those ing Pennsylvania, Illinois, Indiana, New Jersey and sent, they say, must be citizens of the slaveholding California, not less favourable than that of Mr. Fill-States. [Where's Botts ?]

advices from Governor Geary and Gen. Smith, express the hope that peace and quiet will soon be restored been at stake, we have been insensible to dangers of in Kansas. The Executive is perfectly satisfied with the course pursued by these gentlemen. Instructions have been sent to the commander of

the Pacific squadron in relation to the protection of originated in the policy of the Democratic party. American citizens on the Isthmus of Panama. Definite action on the subject of the Panama massacre will be had in the Cabinet early next week.

THE BAY ISLANDS CEASED TO EXIST .- A correspondent of the New York Herald at Belize announces the fact that the British coloney of the Bay Islands had virtually ceased to exist, and that the Mosquito King had been informed by the officer of Her Britannic Majesty's ship Cossack of the termination of the English protectorate, and cosequently the end of his The writer does not state what effect the news had on His Majesty. The Islands would be transferred to the republic of Honduras.

Mr. Osborne's Letter. CORRESPONDENCE. WADESBORO', N. C., Sept'r 13th, 1856.

JAMES W. OSBORNE, Esq.: Dear Sir-We, a portion of your old personal and political friends, all old-line Whigs and citizens of Anson county, believing the permanent existence of this Union, as a nation, likely to be greatly affected by the result of the approaching Presidential election, are anxious to learn your opinion, what is the duty proaching contest. We are well aware that you have for several years past stood aloof from, and refused will not refuse a full and free interchange of opinion with your old political friends-we, therefore, most respectfully ask your opinion on matters in which we

Very respectfully, your friends, J. WHITE. W. R. LEAK, G. W. LITTLE, WM. LITTLE. W. W. WILKINS, L D. BENNETT.

Снавлотте, Sept. 19, 1856.

GENTLEMEN: I had prescribed to myself a course sides your's, so urgent on the subject that I have felt it my duty to reply to them. The answer which I

The condition of our country at this time finds no parallel in its former history. By the consent of all persons it is admitted that no danger half so serious ever threatened its internal peace or its political institutions. For the first time a mighty effort is being There is no doubt but that Mr. Roberson will make made to combine the free States in solid union under the forms of the Constitution to deprive them abolish slavery at the capital, and in every thing esbefore their oppressors. In this effort the most powerful motives of action are united in zealous co-operation. Eloquence and sagacity, false philanthropy hope, would survive it. But, we may be on the eve was able, without reference to my own pre- European arbitrations. possessions and party attachments. If I had regar- Neufchatel was quiet.

> " Resolved, That we recognize the right of the of a majority of actual residents, and whenever the with the other States."

> are opposed to Mr. Buchanan, agree with the fol-

Thursday nights, the 24th and 25th of this month, a avowed in this platform, this resolution enunciates a had failed, but the report was doubted in London. principle which every Southern man feels to be just and constitutional; and the only one on the great 2,100 bales. subject to which it refers, in which the Union is safe. with it every other sinks into insignificance. Suppose it to be adobted as a fixed principle in our politics-can we imagine any question which would dissolve or endanger the Union? If it is overborne and defeated at this time is it probable that any other opportunity can occur by which it can be incorporated into the creed of a great and national party advocated a fusion electoral ticket. We will solve Then, why cannot those who agree in this caidinal the South is Democratic by a large majority; and reason and justice would seem to require, that to accomplish a common end, the minority should yield to the majority.

In the non-slaveholding States, such is the superior zeal and energy of our adversaries, that the election is extremely doubtful. There, as here, Union men are divided on issues compartively immaterial; and these conflicts, in the face of an ardent and united opposition, endanger the success of our four miles from Fort Washington, and was burnt cause. I have however, not doubted but the chances are in favor of Mr. Buchanan over Mr. Fillmore, even in that region. Mr. Fillmore may carry New York. It is the only free State in which active and which is lost. The captain and crew were saved by hopeful efforts are made for him. As to the result in it, nothing can be known approaching certainty and the fairest minded men admit that the Free Soilers have equal chances with the Americans-while all agree that the co-operation of the friends of Mr. Fillmore and Mr. Buchenan could give the vote of that great State in behalf of the Union. It is not depresequi in the case of the Kansas prisoners. Official permitted matters of minor importance to distract eral principle in the country weaker, and so the danand divide us-and in contests in which little has ger on the next occasion greater."

intestimable magnitude. I have not permitted myself to be influenced by the allegation often made, that our difficulties have The legislation organizing the Territories of Kansas and Nebraska, is the object of this reproach; and it is not my purpose to discuss it. One thing is certain, that on its adoption there was an extraordinary unanimity of opinion among Southern men of all parties; and no Southern man is willing to avow himself in favor of the restoration of the Missouri line. But taken the stand recently made by the House of Repthree Southern Senators and five or six members of it; and several of the latter were defeated before their and perilous crisis in the destinies of th egreat Reconstituents at sudsequent elections. This legislation, therefore, was acceptable generally to Southern

slave State, it would meet with violent opposition occur under Fillmore? Does any sane man suppose that if on any measure of legislation the South should great sinner, and so great did his sins appear that h ever, that excitement and agitation would not exist? There is one way in which agitation can be quieted, and only one, and that is by submission to all the re- upon one of his neighbors rose and said he felt it to quisitions which may be made by the free States, on every subject peculiarly affecting our vital interests.

Nor can I perceive the force of the specious ob. jection that Mr. Buchanan is a sectional candidate; and therefore, that he would not be the proper person for the adjustment of our present difficulties. My sheep got into his lot the other day, and he corto engage in political strife; but believing you none and therefore, that he would not be the proper perjudices, and that in the present alarming crisis you This is the argument adopted by the freesoilers—a- nered them all up, cut the gambril of one hind leg dopted to justify their open and avowed sectionalism, and stuck the other through it, of the whole flock and to mitigate the force of the objection to their and now you may do as you please about for giving proceedings, as likely to dissolve the Union. If the such a man, but I tell you I never will." principle in regard to the domestic institutions of the Territories, which I have before referred to, be in conformity to the constitution, how can he be sectional, who represents it?- Is not Mr. Buchanan a candidate in every State in the Union? Was he not nominated by delegates from every district in our wide confederacy? And though it may be with very doubtful fortunes, are not his claims pressed in every county and village of the Union? Can this be said of any other candidate? And is not his claim to a "broad and comprehensive nationality" complete and unques-

If this Union is to be destroyed, it will be by an injurious and oppressive policy towards the South, by the national government. Should Mr. Buchanan be elected in this contest, no such policy can receive his countenance. The causes of disunion will be removed, and the South will at least have the fullest confidence in him. He is admitted to have ability of high order and great experience in public affairs. He formed his orinions at a time when sectional controvsey was unknown-and through a long public life, hasbeen uniformly and consistently liberal to

You perceive that I have addressed myself simply to the emergency in which our country is placed.—
My personal preferences were for Mr. Fillmore, and my sympathies have been warmly with his party .--I do not propose to myself to abandon my principles sential to their dignity and welfare to prostrate them or my political friends. All I desire is the safety of the South and the preservation of the Union. If these are accomplished either by Mr. Fillmore or Mr. Buchanan, my sole object will be effected. The minor interests of politics will interest me then as they have done heretofore, and I shall promote, as far as I am able, the beneficent and conservative policy which I have always preferred.

Respectfully, yours, J. W. OSBORNE.

Three Days Later from Europe. HALIFAX, Sept. 24 .- The steamer Canada arrived

here this morning at 11 o'clock, from Liverpool, with dates to Saturday the 13th. She passed a large steamer on Saturday supposed changed the indispensable labors of my profession. to be the Persia. The news by this arrival is unimportant. The

as a favorable seat for a convict establishment. FRANCE.-Rumors are current of an exchange of colonies being negotiated between France and England. France is to give up the factories in the main land of India in exchange for Maurities. It is also reported that France wishes to purchase from Denmark a strip of Iceland for fishing stations. It is also reported that Algeria demands a large reinforcement of troops. A fleet of gun boats goes to Sene-

SPAIN .- The country is generally tranquil, but of a revolution which will overthrow our existing there is some uncertainty as to the fate of the O'Donnell ministry. The probabilities of Narvaes succeedticket and denounced as "traitors," after the manner involve us in the crime and wretchedness of a civil ing him are openly discussed. M Escalimente, the

with approval, an article from the Pennsylvania En- ded these, I should have supported Mr. Fillmore as GERMANY .- Frederick, the Regent of Baden, has quirer, setting forth this fact and anticipating suc- cordially as the warmest friend who now advecates assummed sovereignty on his own account, prepara. again under any circumstances, but amused himself his election. I have no fault to find with the party tory to his marriage with the Princess of Prussia. under whose auspices he has been nominated. For The Neuchatel affair causses some activity at Berlin. DENMARK. - Berlin letters says that France adheres

sound dues, and pronounced in favor of purchasing. Sweden.-It was expected that the relations be-Mr. Fremont, and that union, if affected at all, can tween Russia and Sweden had become more and more only be made in the person of Mr. Buchanan. Tak- unfriendly. Russia .- The news fram this quarter is unimpor-

INDIA. - Telegraphic advices from Calcutta to the 9th of August have been received. Oude was tranquil. The annual return of Calcutta trade show people of all the Territories including Kansas and an improvement. The sugar crop of Mauritius was Nebraska, acting through the fairly expressed will unprecedentedly large, amounting to 125,000 tons. The Hong Kong dates are to the 25th of July .number of their inhabitants justifies it, to form a The insurgents captured Tanguang on July 6th, constitution with or without slavery, and be admit- bringing them close to Souchen, the outlet of comted into the Union upon terms of perfect equality merce from Shanghi. An imperial fleet to the number of forty sail was blockaded near Nankin. It was What objections there may be to other doctrines reported that the American house of Wetmore & Co.

> The exports of tea was 428,000 pounds, and sales Australia.-The advices from Australia are to

London, Saturday .- Dispatches from Trieste state that the Russians are fortifying the entrance of the Bay of Nicolaieff and the Banks of the Belex. Madrid dispatches of the 10th say that the Queen had not yet decided the matter relative to the lega-

tion at Washington. Prussia has lodged a protest with the federal government of Switzerland, against the interference, on its part, with the affairs of Neufchatel. FRANCE.

fall of Sabastopol by giving a dinner to the troops ty is universally acknowledged to be one of integristationed at Biarritz.

ings on the way home " THE SENATE MUST BE CRUSHED."-Burlingame, in his speech at his reception in Boston, made the following bo'd avowal:

"When we shall have elected a President, as we will, who will be not the President of a party nor of a section, but the tribune of the people, and after we have exterminated a few more miserable dougfaces from the North, then, if the slave Senate will not give way, we will grind it between the upper and nether mill-stone of our power."

THE ENGLISH PRESS ON AMERICAN AFFAIRS .- The London journals, by the Asia, refer to the late protracted disagreement in Congress on the army bill. The Times is of opinion that the crisis, no matter how got over, will leave serious traces behind, and

"The difficulty of keeping the conficting elements of which the Republic is composed in order is evidenmore in New York. To meet the crisis, I advocate tly becoming greater every day, and danger seems at the President has ordered a nolle a united South. We have, too long for our safety, only to be stayed off by means which make the Fedonly to be stayed off by means which make the Fed- Republican Conventions, though they should fuse in

The morning Star (penny paper) has a sort of "shreik for Freedom"—hopes the House of Repre- gives the intelligence of a threatened war between cent and none have been as successful in opening sentatives will stand firm, and to the last reject "the the Sioux and Chippewa Indians, partly growing out Senate bill for the Coercion of Kansas." The Lon- of the recent murders committed by the Chippewas don Star, (Cobden's organ,) thinks the House of among the Sioux, their hereditary enemies, and part-

"It is impossible not to watch with feelings of inpublic to which so many of the lovers of liberty and human progress in Europe are looking with mingled

Texas Statistics.—The "Lone Stat" contains ninety-nine counties. It is supposed some twenty more will be organized at the next session of the highest price ever paid in that city, for this is the highest price ever paid in the city for the highest price ever paid in the city for this is the highest price ever paid in the city for this is the highest price ever paid in the city for the housand; Houston can be purchased for \$1 per acre. Good lands within thirty more will be organized at the next session of the highest price ever paid in the city for this is the highest price ever paid in the city for the housand; Houston can be purchased for \$1 per acre. Good lands within thirty seven thousand; Houston six thousand population; San Antonio five thousand.

Texas Statistics.—The "Lone Stat" contains for treason, the treason the delection of discussion.

Texas Statustical treason to the Author treason the de

QUEER ANECDOTE.-At Belfast, Maine, there was from the free States, and agitation, through all the recently held a church meeting, when one of the channels of fanaticism, and political violence, would members who had not spoken for many years on such again be renewed. But, would not the same thing occasions, arose, and to the surprise of all went on to say that he was moved to confess himself a very insist on her just rights, under any President what- very much feared the brethren would not be willing to forgive him. but he hoped they would, and he would try to lead a better life in time to come. be his duty and privilege to testify to all Mr. Simmons had said about being so great a sinner: "Ever since I have known him, he has been the biggest scoundrel in this town, and I will just relate only one of his

Senator Pearce and Hon. Rufus Choate. It will be recollected that a short time since Hon. H. W. Davis made a speech in which he recklessly undertook to assign the motives which influenced Senator Pearce, of Maryland, and Hon. Rufus Coate, of Massachusetts, in their refusal to support Mr. Fillmore for the presidency. According to Mr. Davis, their present opposition to Mr F. had its origin in the alleged fact that both these distinguished gentlemen had been unsuccessful applicants for office under Mr. F.'s administration. This charge was no sooner made public than it was met by a prompt, unqualified and indignant denial from Senator Pearce, who, matter. so far from being a disappointed office-seeker, had actually declined a seat in Mr. Fillmore's cabinet .--National Intelligencer of yesterday morning : Boston, September 15, 1856.

DEAR SIR : Your letter informing me that Mr. Davis asserted in a public speech that the secret or my opy not receiving from him an office which I sought o'clock as on other evening's Adios'. and desired, was received a little out of time. I thank you for affording me an opportunity to answer | Sun says : - We are indebted to a friend for the inat the first moment of hearing it, a statement so teresting facts in this article, culled from a private groundless and unjust. There is not a particle of trouth in it, nor is there anything to color or to suggest his informant's falsehood. I authorize and re- Chili, and with more honor by the Chilians and forquest you, if you attach any importance to the mat- eigners than by the Americans themselves. ter, to give it the most absolute and comprehensive

Personal complaint of Mr. Fillmore I have not the slightest reason to make; and he who thinks it

different explanation With great regard, your servant and f-llow-citizen, To John Carroll Walsh, Esq., Chairman Dem. Com., Hartford county, Md.

of a great meeting held in that city to receive the

Hon. Anson Burlingame. It states that there were from fifteen to twenty thousand persons in and about the meeting. The Courier says that Mr. Burlingame's speech consisted of a confession that he had acted wrongly in becoming a "duelist." If that is all the constituents of Mr. Burlingame

have to find fault with that gentleman for, we can give him a certificate of exemplary conduct on that effort to overthrow the Democrats. Indeed, we no- deavored to regard the subject with as much calm- change for an indemnity, the amount to be fixed by the charge alluded to is simply laughable. A poor wretch, who after he was guilty of the temerity of putting forth a card, fled from the city of Washingvenient distance not as far, however, as the Clifton says; House .- [ Savannah Georgian.

-and I believe that he would give us a fair and im- to the opinion of Fugland in the question of the No Success Desired, if Accompanied with Dishonor will meet with a warm response from every Demo- ness till 1854, when he was appointed Naval cratic heart. If there are any who would for a mo- Agent; that in June, 1856, a quantity of arms and ment falter and make sacrifices for supposed expediency, let them crush the unholy thought in a moment. The Democratic party have presented to the was boarded by a party of men, who took poscountry candidates for the Presidency and Vice session of the arms, and seized him in order to Presidency the moral and intellectual lustre of whose prevent his becoming a wieness in any action characters are worthy of the sternest days of our which might be brought against them or their prin-Republic. They stand upon a platform of princi- cipals for piracy; that he was handcuffed and conples which has given peace and prosperity to our fined in a dungeon for twelve or fourteen days, in beloved country for seventy years. They are known of all men. Under the benign influence of the Conhabeas corpus was put into the United States Martin and addington for twelve of fourteen days, in a north-west passage. The results of his investigation are detailed by Captain Ross in his "Voyage of the contract of the Conhabeas corpus was put into the United States Martin and the Conhabeas corpus was put i stitution as administered by Democratic statesmen, shal's hands in order to bring him before a court, but the world have beheld the progress of our nation with his jailors escorted him to and fro in such wise that wonder and amazement. If, now, the people have the writ did not reach them, and the Marshal was become so deluded by lies and imposture as to break obliged to return non est inventus; that finally he it up, to deny their brethren of the South their just underwent what was called a trial, over which Mr. and constitutional rights let them do so; but let no Coleman presided, who replied, when asked by the stain rest upon the Democratic party. Ours is a party prisoner by what title he was proceeding, that he of principles, others of expediency. If a dissolution was there to ask, and not to answer questions; that of the contederacy shall follow the election of Frehe was released on the 4th of July, on condition of years. During the war, Sir John Ross, in three difmont, (and God only knows, in the present excited taking the Eastern steamer at once, and signing a ferent actions, was thirteen times wounded. In con state of affairs, what may occur) let the Democracy paper stating that he left of his own accord. The have the satisfaction of knowing that to the latest latter he refused to do for some time, but at length hour they were true to all obligations imposed by the did it through compulsion. solemn agreement between the States. The Pennsulvanian savs:

public with a sincerity of purpose which makes them | State, Federal and Municipal jurisdiction. Mr. Colerespected. Whatever opinion may be entertained in man and Mr. Maloney have each engaged eminent reference to the nominees of our party, there is the counsel. will be no deception practised as to who are to be the candidates at a subsequent state of the political canabrogated for crime, or departure from principles .-This elevated trait in its organization, exalts it far above the sinister combinations which are now known as the "opposition."

These latter political bodies are regulated neither by motives of honor, nor impulses of patriotism.-Hence, their nominations by Conventions are frauds upon the public, made in deceit, and altered through treachery. No honorable man is safe in their keeping, nor is he aware of the moment he s to be sub jected to degradation. Like a thief in the night, a Committee steal upon him, and rob him both of his honor and manhood. This is the flagitious process which dooms all "opposition" to the Democratic party to a transient existence. Lacking tectitude of intention, the acts of all such factions-for they are coming." nothing else-are viewed first with distrust, and then visited with condemantion. Such will be the fate of the recent nominations made by the American and

Representatives acted bravely in insisting upon the ly from a misunde standing between the Indian on the Upper Mississsippi. A railroad, connecting agent and the Sioux in regard to the delivering over Lake Superior with the navagable waters or the of a certain young men engaged in forays into the Mississipi river, has been surveyed, permanently lotense interest and anxiety the struggle that is going Chippewa country. The superintendent demanded cated, and its construction is to be commenced withon in the United States between the friends of free those men; on the refusal to comply, the annuities out fail the present fall. A magnificent hall for pubdom and those of slavery. If we are not greatly mis- were suspended. Afterwards they complied, but for lie purposes is contracted for, and a commodious hosome reason they have not received their money. tel, at a cost of \$60,000. is to be built the comming resentative is destimed to become memorable event The consequence is, a bad state of feeling exists. the House of Representatives voted in opposition to in history. It denotes, at ony rate, a most pregnant The Sioux demand the young men, and threaten a war of extermination against the Chippewas.

WALKER'S LAST EXPLOIT .- Walker, the President of statesmen and to the Southern people. It may have been wise or unwise, but it is now fixed in our jurisprudence—and the question is, as I conceive, as to its

Great Britain and Mexico. The following is a letter upon which the telegraph ic report of difficulties between Great Briton and Mexico was founded :

yet en route to New Orleans, by which ship I wrote with eloquent speeches and patriotic toasts. Letters you there arrived the British screw steam Corvette were read from gentlemen belonging to both parties, Tartar, of twenty guns and two hundred and fifty horse power from Vera Cruz. It was not, however. until some hours after the departure of the Philadel- letters, the following was received from the Hon. P. phia that the errand of the Tartar was made public. G. Reade, the successor of Mr. Kerr in Congress: She proceeds immediately, I understand, to the various ports of this station at which the vessels of the British squadron are known to rendezvous, going ent at a public dinner to be given to our representafirst to Bermula to collect together a sufficient force tive in Congress, the Hon. John Kerr, by his friends to awe the Government of Mexico into a compliance and neighbors in Yanceyville, on the 28th instant, with the demands of Great Briton. As to the pre- as a testimonial of personal regard, and in approbacise nature of those demands, I confess I do not possess any very clear ideas. I suppose, however, that It would afford me much pleasure to be with you sess any very clear ideas. I suppose, however, that the payment of the debt due to British subjects by Mexico, or at least paper security for its payment is Mexico, or at least paper security for its payment is bill; and I should like to join with you in doing him

I learn, demanded his passports, and it is also reportof my power to be present. I send you, what is ed that if upon the appearance of the British fleet better than my presence, this sentimentof Vera Cruz, the demands of Great Britain are not The Union of the South, for the Sake of the complied with, then a rigid blockade of the chief Union. Mexican ports will forthwith be enforced. The I thank you for the honor conferred on me, and commerce between the United States and Mexico is for the kindness of your communication. of so extensive a character, as to justify the interference of the former, at least as a mediator in this

I am writing before daylight. At dusk last evening a Spanish war steamer appeared in the offing-In regard to the unworthy imputation upon the mo- it was the Isabel Segunda-with his Excellency the approved Mr. Kerr's course in Congress, tives of Mr. Choate, we will let that gentleman speak Marques de la Habana, the Marquesa and their for himself. The subjoined letter appears in the daughter. They landed about 9 o'clock; the band, received from Mr. Rayner and Mr. Miller, approv. which was then performing on the Plaza de Armas. played the National march as they entered the palace Had it not been night we should doubtless have had grand display; as it was the band continposition to Mr. Fillmore as disappointment, created ued porforming until 10 instead of leaving off at 9

WE THANK YOU FOR THE DAY .- The Baltimore letter from Chili:

"The 4th of July was observed at Valparaiso, The American Commodore fired 17 guns from the

flag ship "Independence," at noon; while the Eng-I never sought an office from Mr. Fillmore, directly lish frigate "President," and the Chilian corvette or indirectly, and never requested or authorized any "Constitucion," each fired the national salute of 21 other person to do so for me; and never believed for guns at the same time, and dis layed the American a moment, or suspected and do not now believe or flag at their mast-heads during the day. The French suspect, that any one has done so or has ever men- ship "Cararani" atso displayed the flags. And after ioned my name to him in connexion with an office. the general salute in the harbor, the Chilian ensign Mr. Fillmore never had a place in his gift which I was hauled down from the fort above the city, the desired or which I could have afforded to accept, stars and stripes run up in its place, and 21 guns any influence should be brought to bear, and disturb even if I had thought myself competent to fill it, or fired then in honor of the day which saw mauguratfor which I could under any circumstances have ex- ed the principles of republicanism, now extended to the remotest State of the Continent. This compliment has never before been offered to any flag.

When the American officer called to thank him London Post recommends the Hudson Bay Territory worth his while to conjecture why I shall not vote for for the salute, the Chilian Commander replied-"And him must accept from me or fabricate for himself a we, sir, thank you for the day!"

No little astonishment was caused by the very meagre salute from the Independence. When the flag Leut, went on board the "President" to announce officially the day and the proposed salute, the gallant Englishman exclaimed, "What, only 17 guns!— Well, sir, tell the Commondore that I shall fire 21!" The Boston Courier of the 13th gives an account The Commander of the Chilian corvette made the same remark.

The Commodore attempted to explain his very slight observance of our natal day by stammering something about the old "Commission's regulations" -though all men know that these have long been obsolete as the power that originated them.

THE SAN FRANCISCO VIGILANCE COMMITTEE. - The Arrest of their President .- William T. Coleman, the head of a prominent firm doing business in New York and San Francisco, was arrested in the latter city on Thursday on the complaint of James R. Maloney, and admitted to bail in the sum of \$50,000. The suit is for \$100,000 damages, as compensation for injuries sustained in the plaintiff's person and ton, and could not be induced to come near that spot property at the hands of the Vigilance Committee of the executive branch of which the defendant is New Mexico, and the Kansas-Nebraska acts, and by addressing Abolition meetings at a safe and con- alleged to be president or head. The Tribune

Mr. Maloney alleges in substance, in his affidavit, that he was settled in merchantile business in this city, previously to 1849 when he went to The following sentiments from the Pennsylvanian California, and continued in a profitable busiammunition was put in his charge by Governor Johnson, on the Schooner Sarah; that this vessel Several suits of a similar character, it is said, will

soon be commenced. A new question of law will The Democratic candidates are presented to the thus come up, involving many nice distinctions in

LETTER FROM MRS. HENRY CLAY .- The venerable relict of the late Henry Clay has deemed it neces-The Emperor cole rated the anniversary of the vass. In such matters, at least, the Democratic par- sary to appear before the public in a letter, defending her son James B. Clay from various charges of ty. It has this honorable distinction over all other the Louisville Journal touching the affairs of his fath- here. Capt. Robinson, with fifty-two pro-slavery The United States steamer Arctic sailed from parties that have ever existed. No policy can induce er. She declares emphatically that it was the desire Queenstowns on the 11th, and made futher sounds. it to abase itself by yielding its honor to notions of and hope of Mr. Clay that his son James should be availability. The nominations of its candidates are the possessor of Ashland, that after Mr. Clay's death held as matters of sacred validity, and can only be she, in consequence of the tumbling, ruinous condition of the house, induced James to buy it. She further declares "that his father took his advice in the making of his last will, and at all times advised and consulted freely and affectionately with him having confidence in his love, integrity and judgment. JOHN AND JULIA .- " John," quoth the gentle Julia,

to her sleepy lord one warm morning at a late hour, "I wish you'd take pattern by the thermometer." "As how ?" murmured her worse half, sleepily

opening his optics. "Why-by rising." "H'm, I wish you'd imitated the other fizamagig that hangs up by it-the barometer." "Why so?"

"Cause then you'd let me know when a storms

ing of the rapid growth of that place, says: "Superior, among the towns on Lake Superior that

Republican Conventions, though they should fuse in their operations.

A BLOODY INDIAN WAR APPREHENDED IN THE NORTHWEST.—The St. Paul Pioneer, of the 8th inst., gives the intelligence of a threatened war between the Sioux and Chippewa Indians, partly growing out of the recent murders committed by the Chippewas and none the Clyde, 72s. Coffee is generally and points of the recent murders committed by the Chippewas and continue the continue that the sioux and points are not provided in the continue to the continue to the continue to the communications with the more thickly-settled regions.

Superior, among the towns on Lake Superior that have an actual existence, is the youngest, and yet one of the largest. Its growth, while it surpasses all others, has been healthy. No settlement on the lakes has equalled it in developing the country adjacent at 28s. Rosin—Common is slightly dearer—Sales of the Sioux and Chippewas Indians, partly growing out of the recent murders committed by the Chippewas and points are not provided in the continue to the potatoe disease continue, but less extensive. Produce—Rice—For Carolina there is generally a steady market at 28s. Rosin—Common is slightly dearer—Sales of the communications with the more thickly-settled regions, and the potatoe disease continue, but less extensive. Produce—Rice—For Carolina there is generally declined is dull, and has gener year. Our streets are being graded and new dock piers erected; and altogether our town is rapidly assuming a dignified city-like air, and should the legislature grant us the charter asked, we shall be able to make more extensive improvements."

HIGH PRICE FOR TOBBACCO.-The Lynchburg

E. G. Reade for the Kansas-Nebraska Act. In September, 1854, the people of Caswell County The following is a letter upon which the telegraphic report of difficulties between Great Briton and lexico was founded:

[Special Correspondence of the Picayune.]

HAVANA, Sept. 13, 1856.

Whilst the U. S. mail steamship Philadelphia was Which ship I wrote

Whilst the U. S. mail steamship Philadelphia was with eloquent speeches and patriotic loasts. Letter the people of Caswell County, irrespective of party, gave to their representative in Some evidence of their respect for him and of their approval of his course in Congress. The dinner went off finely, and the large assemblage was entertained with eloquent speeches and patriotic loasts. excusing themselves for their absence, and expressive of warm regard for Mr. Kerr; and among other

· Roxвопоисн, Sept. 23, 1856, The British Minister at Mexico, Mr. D'Oyley, has honor—for he has honored us. It is, however, out

Very Respectfully,

E. G. READE. To Messrs. E. Graves, Sr., and others. A letter was also received and read from Gov. Morehead, in which he warmly and emphatically It was also rumored, at the time, that letters were

ing Mr. Kerr's course and the Kansas-Nebraska act. Was this rumor well-founded? We respectfully appeal to the Committee, if such letters were written and were preserved, to furnish them for publication. It will thus be seen that Mr Reade heartily and unequivocally approved Mr. Kerr's vote for the Kansas Nebraska act-an act which, as Mr. Badger has shown, but carried out the principle of the "compromise" of 1850 by rendering the Missouri restriction "inoperative and void" as to Kansas, as it had been rendered "inoperative and void" in 1850 in regard to Utah and New Mexico; and yet Mr. Reade has since planted himself on a platform which denounces the repeal of this restriction as "reckless and unwise" and as the cause of the agitation now afflicting the country. And in his letter of May last.

in reply to Mr. Clingman, Mr. Reade says: "Here, then, you see, we had our quarrels, [in 1850] and we compromised it, and divided out the whole of our territory; and the country was quiet. How much it is to be regretted that it could not remain quiet!-how much it is to be regretted that the nation's quiet! But it has been said that:

"The long, lean lizzard will mar the lion's rest,"
And so it is that something has been brought to bear to break up the "rest" of the people. Be that influence what it may, it is an unhallowed one, and deserves the people's censure." Observe the ingenuity of this "Oily Gammon" of

North Carolina politicians. He knew that he had approved Mr. Kerr's vote for that act, and he could not recall that approval; and so he hints, he insiguates, he dwells upon the "something" which had disturbed the Missouri compromise, and broken up the " nation's quiet "

But our object was to show that Mr. Reade, who succeeded Mr. Kerr, did not take ground during the campaign against that act—that he had previously approved it; and that, therefore, his success was no condemnation by the people of his District of that measure. He succeeded by other means and upon other grounds. Nor did Mr. Puryear and Mr. Rog. ers, who voted against the act, place their opposition to it on free oil grounds. On the contrary, they argued that the act was not sufficiently Southern fo them, and they declared that they voted against it because in their judgment, the South would lose by it as the result of what they call "squatter sovereignty." The people of North Carolina may, therefore, be regarded as unanimously in favor of the principle of non-intervention by Congress with slavery in the Territories, the principle of the Utah, the which operates as well north as south of the imaginary Missouri line. If there be any among us who object to this statement, or to this view of the matter let them speak.

Death of Sir John Ross We regret to announce the death of Rear-Admiral Sir John Ross, K. C. B., which mournful event occurred on Saturday morning last, at 43 Gillingham-street, Pimlico. This gallant Arctic voyager entered the navy as far back as 1786, and during the late war was constantly engaged actively. His most important service were rendered in the Arctic regions, where in 1818 he proceeded along with Sir W. E. Parry .-In the Driver he proceeded, for the purpose of exploring Baffin's Bay, and inquiring into the probability of Discovery," published in 1819. He was afterwards, from May, 1829, until October, 1833, employed in the Victory steamer, on a fresh expedition to the Arctic regions, equipped at the expense of the present Sir Felix Booth. He received the honor of knight-hood, together with the Companionship of the Bath, Dec. 24, 1834. On March 8, 1839, he was appointsideration of his services, he was presented by the Patriotic Society with a sword valued at £100, and for services performed by him in the Baltic he was nominated a Knight Commander of the Swedish order of the Sword. He was also a knight of several other foreign orders. Among other works, Sir John wrote "Letters to Young Sea Officers," " Memoirs and Correspondence of Admiral Lord de Saumarez." and a "Treatise on Navigation by Steam." By this death a good service pension lies at the disposal of the First Lord of the Admiralty.-London Globe

From Kansas—store Fighting.
St. Louis, September 20.—The steamer Polar Star, from Kansas, with dates to the 15th, has reached men, attacked the Free State force at Grasshoppe Falls, on the 13th, killing two Free State men, and capturing their ammunition, provisions and horses .-Next day Colonel Harvey, with two hundred Free State men, attacked Robinson's party, in a fortified log house, at Hickory Point. After fighting two hours and losing twelve men, Harvey proposed an armistice of 30 days, which was accepted. Robinson had three men killed and many wounded. Leavenworth is deserted, Gov. Geary is at Lecomp

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 12.--The Brokers' Circular quotes Cotton--There is decidedly more stringency in the market The market opened firm, but fell off at the close. The Bal tic's news has no effect upon the market. An average bus ness has been done without any quotable change. Sales of the week 50,000 bales, including 7,509 bales on speculation and 6,500 bales for export. The market closed dull. The Manchester market is quiet. Fair Orleans 71; middling 61; fair Mobile 61; middling 65-16; fair Upland 62; middling 64. Stock at Liverpool 698,000 bales. Stock of American 64. Stock at Liverpool 698,000 bales. Stock of American 563,000 bales.

Breadstuffs---There is generally a better feeling in the market. Prices are slightly cheaper on the week, closing

advance of 6d. LONDON MARKETS-Baring, Brothers Circular qu

white wheat 65s. a 68s. per quarter. Flour generally held at 30s. a 34s. Turpentine, Crude, 9s., with a steady market. Richardson, Spence & Co. quote red wheat, old, 6s. a 8s. 9d.; new 9s. a 9s. 9d.; white wheat 10s. 4d. Western Canal flour 26s. a 28s.; Baltimore and Philadelphia 29s. a 31s.; Ohio 31s. a 33s. White corn 32s.; yellow and mixed 32s.

Produce---Rosin---Common is slightly dearer; sales at 4s.
3d. a 4s. 9d. No fine Rosin in market. Sugars generally opened heavy, but improved at the close, with an improved demand. Molasses is quiet.

Money and Stocks---The sales of American stocks have been unimportant. For exercise there have been a large ex-

been unimportant. For specie there has been a large export enquiry. The Eullion in the Bank of England has decreased. Consols for money are quoted at 93, a reights are dull.

HAVRE MARKET---Cotton on the 9th was steady-